

Characterised control valve with thermal energy meter, sensor-operated flow rate or power control, power and energy monitoring function, 2-way, internal and external thread, PN 25

- Nominal voltage AC/DC 24 V
- Control modulating, communicative, hybrid
- For closed cold and warm water systems
- For modulating control of air-handling and heating systems on the water side
- Ethernet 10/100 Mbit/s, TCP/IP, integrated web server
- Communication via BACnet, Modbus, Belimo MP-Bus or conventional control
- PoE (Power over Ethernet) Power supply possible
- Conversion of sensor signals







EV..R2+KBAC







Type Overview

Туре	DN	Rp ["]	G ["]	V'nom [l/s]	V'nom [l/min]	V'nom [m³/h]	kvs theor. [m³/h]	PN
EV015R2+KBAC	15	1/2	3/4	0.42	25	1.5	2.8	25
EV020R2+KBAC	20	3/4	1	0.69	41.7	2.5	4.8	25
EV025R2+KBAC	25	1	1 1/4	0.97	58.3	3.5	8.1	25
EV032R2+KBAC	32	1 1/4	1 1/2	1.67	100	6	11.4	25
EV040R2+KBAC	40	1 1/2	2	2.78	166.7	10	17.1	25
EV050R2+KBAC	50	2	2 1/2	4.17	250	15	25	25

kvs theor.: Theoretical kvs value for pressure drop calculation

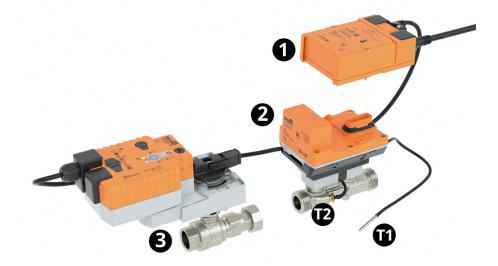
Structure

Components

The Belimo Energy Valve consists of a characterised control valve, an actuator and a thermal energy meter with a logic and a sensor module.

The logic module provides the power supply, the communication interface and the NFC connection of the energy meter. All relevant data are measured and recorded in the sensor module.

This modular design of the energy meter means that the logic module can remain in the system if the sensor module is replaced.



External temperature sensor T1
Integrated temperature sensor T2
Logic module 1
Sensor module 2
Characterised control valve with actuator 3

Technical data

Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V
	Nominal voltage frequency	50/60 Hz



	Technical data sheet	EVR2+KBAC				
Electrical data	Nominal voltage range	AC 19.228.8 V / DC 21.628.8 V				
	Power consumption in operation	15 W				
	Power consumption in rest position	6.5 W				
	Power consumption for wire sizing	26 VA				
	Connection supply / control	Cable 1 m, 6 x 0.75 mm ²				
	Connection Ethernet	RJ45 socket				
	Power over Ethernet PoE	DC 3757 V 11 W (PD13W) IEEE 802.3af/at, Type 1, Class 3				
	Conductors, cables	AC/DC 24 V, cable length <100 m, no shielding or twisting required Shielded cables are recommended for supply via PoE				
Data bus communication	Communicative control	BACnet IP, BACnet MS/TP Modbus TCP, Modbus RTU MP-Bus Cloud				
	Number of nodes	BACnet / Modbus see interface description MP-Bus max. 8				
Functional data	Operating range Y	210 V				
	Input Impedance	100 kΩ				
	Operating range Y variable	0.510 V				
	Position feedback U	210 V				
	Position feedback U note	Max. 1 mA				
	Position feedback U variable	010 V				
		0.510 V				
	Setting fail-safe position	NC/NO or adjustable 0100% (POP rotary knob)				
	Running time fail-safe	35 s / 90°				
	Sound power level Motor	45 dB(A)				
	Sound power level, fail-safe	61 dB(A)				
	Adjustable flow rate V'max	25100% of Vnom				
	Control accuracy	±5% (of 25100% V'nom)				
	Control accuracy note	±10% (of 25100% V'nom) @ Glycol 060% vol.				
	Min. controllable flow	1% of V'nom				
	Parametrisation	via NFC, Belimo Assistant App via integrated web server				
	Fluid	Cold and warm water, water with glycol up to max. 60% vol.				
	Fluid temperature	-10120°C [14248°F]				
	Close-off pressure ∆ps	1400 kPa				
	Differential pressure Δpmax	350kPa				
	Differential pressure note	200 kPa for low-noise operation				
	Flow characteristic	equal percentage, optimised in the opening range (switchable to linear)				
	Leakage rate	air-bubble tight, leakage rate A (EN 12266-1)				
	Installation position	upright to horizontal (in relation to the stem)				
	Servicing	maintenance-free				
	Manual override	with push-button				
Measuring data	Measured values	Flow Temperature				
	Temperature sensor T1 / T2	Pt1000 - EN 60751, 2-wire technology, inseparably connected Cable length external sensor T1: 3 m				



<u>3</u>	Technical data sheet	EVR2+KBAC				
Flow measurement	Measuring principle	Ultrasonic volumetric flow measurement				
	Measuring accuracy flow	±2% (of 20100% V'nom) @ 20°C / glycol 0% vol. EN 1434 Class 2 @ 15120°C ±5% (of 20100% V'nom) @ glycol 060% vol.				
	Min. flow measurement	0.5% of V'nom				
Temperature measurement	Measuring accuracy absolute temperature	± 0.35°C @ 10°C (Pt1000 EN60751 Class B) ± 0.6°C @ 60°C (Pt1000 EN60751 Class B)				
	Measuring accuracy temperature difference	±0.22 K @ ΔT = 10 K ±0.32 K @ ΔT = 20 K				
Glycol monitoring	Measurement display glycol	060% or >60%				
	Measuring accuracy glycolmonitoring	±4% (060%)				
Safety data	Protection class IEC/EN	III, Protective Extra-Low Voltage (PELV)				
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP54 Logic module: IP54 (with grommet A-22PEM- A04) Sensor module: IP65				
	Measuring Instruments Directive	CE according to 2014/32/EU				
	Pressure equipment directive	CE according to 2014/68/EU				
	EMC	CE according to 2014/30/EU				
	Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1:11 and IEC/EN 60730-2-15:10				
	Quality Standard	ISO 9001				
	Type of action	Type 1.AA				
	Rated impulse voltage supply / control	0.8 kV				
	Pollution degree	3				
	Ambient humidity	Max. 95% RH, non-condensing				
	Ambient temperature	-3050°C [-22122°F]				
	Storage temperature	-4080°C [-40176°F]				
Materials	Valve body	Brass				
	Flow measuring pipe	Brass body nickel-plated				
	Closing element	Stainless steel				
	Spindle	Stainless steel				
	Spindle seal	EPDM O-ring				

Safety notes



Terms

Immersion sleeve

Abbreviations

This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning
systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application, especially in aircraft or
in any other airborne means of transport.

Stainless steel

POP = Power off position / fail-safe position

- Outdoor application: only possible in case that no (sea) water, snow, ice, insolation or
 aggressive gases interfere directly with the device and that it is ensured that the ambient
 conditions remain within the thresholds according to the data sheet at any time.
- Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.
- The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.



Product features

Mode of operation

The HVAC performance device is comprised of four components: characterised control valve (CCV), measuring pipe with volumetric flow sensor, temperature sensors and the actuator itself. The adjusted maximum flow (V'max) is assigned to the maximum control signal DDC (typically 10 V / 100%). Alternatively, the control signal DDC can be assigned to the valve opening angle or to the power required on the heat exchanger (see power control). The HVAC performance device can be controlled via communicative or analogue signals. The fluid is detected by the sensor in the measuring pipe and is applied as the flow value. The measured value is balanced with the setpoint. The actuator corrects the deviation by changing the valve position. The angle of rotation α varies according to the differential pressure through the control element (see flow rate curves).

With the supply voltage the integrated condensors will be charged.

Interrupting the supply voltage causes the valve to be moved to the selected fail-safe position by means of stored electrical energy.

Calibration certificate

A calibration certificate is available in the Belimo Cloud for each thermal energy meter. If required, this can be downloaded as a PDF with the Belimo Assistant App or via the Belimo Cloud frontend.

Power calculation

The thermal energy meter calculates the current thermal power based on the current flow rate and the measured temperature difference.

Energy consumption

The energy consumption data can be read out as follows:

- Bus
- Cloud API
- Belimo Cloud Account of the device owner
- Belimo Assistant App
- Integrated web server

PoE (Power over Ethernet)

If necessary, the thermal energy meter can be supplied with power via the Ethernet cable. This function can be enabled via the Belimo Assistant App.

DC 24 V (max. 8 W) is available at wires 1 and 2 for power supply of external devices (e.g. actuator or active sensor).

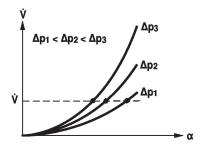
Caution: PoE may only be enabled if an external device is connected to wires 1 and 2 or if wires 1 and 2 are insulated!

Spare parts

Sensor module of the thermal energy meter consisting of:

- 1 x sensor module including integrated temperature sensor T2 and external temperature sensor T1 $\,$

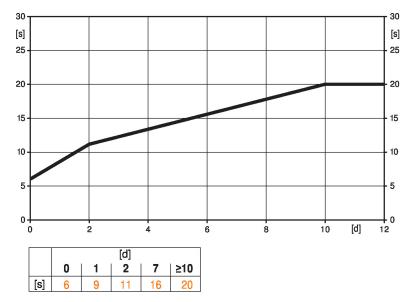
Flow rate curves



Pre-charging time (start up)

The capacitor actuators require a pre-charging time. This time is used for charging the capacitors up to a usable voltage level. This ensures that, in the event of a power failure, the actuator can move at any time from its current position into the preset fail-safe position. The duration of the pre-charging time depends mainly on how long the power was interrupted.

Typical pre-charging time



[d] = Electricity interruption in days[s] = Pre-charging time in seconds

Delivery condition (capacitors)

The actuator is completely discharged after delivery from the factory, which is why the actuator requires approximately 20 s pre-charging time before initial commissioning in order to bring the capacitors up to the required voltage level.

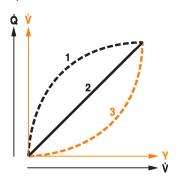
Setting fail-safe position

The rotary knob fail-safe position can be used to adjust the desired fail-safe position 0...100% in 10% increments. The rotary knob always refers to the adapted angle of rotation range. In the event of a power failure, the actuator will move into the selected fail-safe position.

Transmission behaviour HE

Heat exchanger transmission behaviour

Depending on the construction, temperature spread, fluid characteristics and hydronic circuit, the power Q is not proportional to the water volumetric flow V' (Curve 1). With the classical type of temperature control, an attempt is made to maintain the control signal Y proportional to the power Q (Curve 2). This is achieved by means of an equal-percentage flow characteristic (Curve 3).





Power control

Alternatively, the control signal DDC can be assigned to the output power required at the heat exchanger.

Depending on the water temperature and air conditions, the Energy Valve ensures the amount of water V' required to achieve the desired power.

Maximum controllable power on heat exchanger in power control mode:

DN 15	90 kW
DN 20	150 kW
DN 25	210 kW
DN 32	350 kW
DN 40	590 kW
DN 50	880 kW

Control characteristics

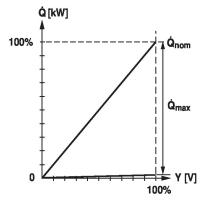
The specially configured control parameters in connection with the precise velocity sensor ensure a stable quality of control. They are, however, not suitable for rapid control processes, i.e. for domestic water control.

Power control

Q'nom is the maximum possible power output on the heat exchanger.

Q'max is the maximum power output on the heat exchanger which has been set with the highest control signal DDC. Q'max can be set between 1% and 100% of Q'nom.

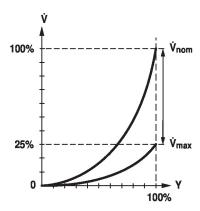
Q'min 0% (non-variable).



Flow control

V'nom is the maximum possible flow.

V'max is the maximum flow rate which has been set with the highest control signal DDC. V'max can be set between 25% and 100% of V'nom.



Position control

In this setting, the control signal is assigned to the opening angle of the valve (e.g. Y = 10 V α = 90°).

The result is a pressure-dependent operation similar to that of a conventional valve.

Running time of the motor in this mode is 90 s for 90°.

Creep flow suppression

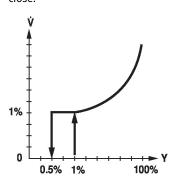
Given the very low flow speed in the opening point, this can no longer be measured by the sensor within the required tolerance. This range is overridden electronically.

Opening valve

The valve remains closed until the flow required by the control signal DDC corresponds to 1% of V'nom. The control along the flow characteristic is active after this value has been exceeded.

Closing valve

The control along the flow characteristic is active up to the required flow rate of 1% of V'nom. Once the level falls below this value, the flow rate is maintained at 1% of V'nom. If the level falls below the flow rate of 0.5% of V'nom required by the control signal DDC, then the valve will close.



Configurable actuators

The factory settings cover the most common applications.

The parametrisation can be carried out through the integrated web server (RJ45 connection to the web browser) or by communicative means.

Additional information regarding the integrated web server can be found in the separate documentation.

The Belimo Assistant App is required for parametrisation via Near Field Communication (NFC) and simplifies commissioning. Moreover, it provides a variety of diagnostic options.

Communication

The parametrisation can be carried out through the integrated web server (RJ45 connection to the web browser) or by communicative means.

Additional information regarding the integrated web server can be found in the separate documentation.

"Peer to Peer" connection

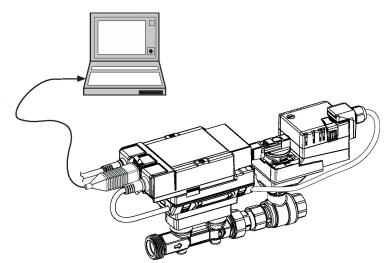
http://belimo.local The Notebook must be set to "DHCP". Make sure that only one network connection is active.

Standard IP address:

http://192.168.0.10 Static IP address

Password (read-only):

User name: «guest» Password: «guest»



Control signal inversion

This can be inverted in cases of control with an analogue control signal DDC. The inversion causes the reversal of the standard behaviour, i.e. at a control signal DDC of 0%, regulation is to V'max or Q'max, and the valve is closed at a control signal DDC of 100%.

Hydronic balancing

Via the integrated web server, the maximum flow rate (equivalent to 100% requirement) can be adjusted on the device itself, simply and reliably, in a few steps. If the device is integrated in the management system, then the balancing can be handled directly by the management system.

Delta-T manager

If a heating or cooling register is operated with a differential temperature that is too low and thus with a flow rate that is too high, this will not result in an increased power output.

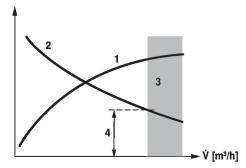
Nevertheless, heating or cooling machines must provide the energy at a lower degree of efficiency. This means, that pumps circulate too much water and increase energy consumption unnecessarily.

With the aid of the Energy Valve, it is simple to discover that operation is being carried out at a differential temperature that is too low, resulting in the inefficient use of energy.

Necessary setting adjustments can now be carried out quickly and easily at any time. The integrated differential temperature limiting offers the user the possibility of defining a low limit value. The Energy Valve limits the flow rate automatically to prevent the level from falling below this value.

The settings of the Delta-T manager can be made either directly on the web server or via the Belimo Cloud a direct analysis of the Delta-T behavior is carried out by Belimo experts.

Power output of the heating or cooling registers 1 Diff. temperature between supply and return 2 Loss zone (heating or cooling register saturation) 3 Adjustable minimum differential temperature 4



Combination analogue - communicative (hybrid mode)

With conventional control by means of an analogue control signal DDC, the integrated web server, BACnet, Modbus or MP-Bus can be used for the communicative position feedback.

Power and energy monitoring function

The HVAC performance device is equipped with two temperature sensors. A sensor (T2) is already installed at the thermal energy meter and the second sensor (T1) must be installed onsite on the other side of the water circuit. The two sensors are enclosed with the system already wired. The sensors are used to record the fluid temperature of the supply and return lines of the consumer (heating/cooling coil). As the water quantity is also known, thanks to the flow measurement integrated in the system, the power released from the consumer can be calculated. Furthermore, the heating/cooling energy is also determined automatically by means of the evaluation of the power over time.

The current data, e.g. temperatures, volumetric flow volumes, exchanger energy consumption etc. can be recorded and accessed at any time by means of web browsers or communication.

Data recording

The recorded data (integrated data recording for 13 months) can be used for the optimisation of the overall system and for the determination of the performance of the consumer (heating/cooling coil).

Download csv files through web browser.

Belimo Cloud

Additional services are available if the Energy Valve is connected to the Belimo Cloud: for instance, several devices may be managed via Internet. Also, Belimo experts may help analyse the delta-T behaviour or provide written reports about the Energy Valve performance. Under certain conditions, the product warranty according to the applicable Terms and Conditions of Sale may be prolonged. The "Terms of Use for Belimo Cloud Services" in their currently valid version apply to the use of Belimo Cloud services. Further details may be found under [www.belimo.com/ext-warranty]

Manual override

Manual control with push-button possible - temporary. The gear train is disengaged and the actuator decoupled for as long as the button is pressed.

High functional safety

The actuator is overload protected, requires no limit switches and automatically stops when the end stop is reached.



Scope of delivery

Scope of delivery	Description	Туре			
	Grommet for RJ connection module with clamp	A-22PEM-A04			
	Thermowell Stainless steel, 50 mm, G 1/4", SW17	A-22PE-A07			
	Insulation shell for EPIV / Belimo Energy Valve™ DN 1525	Z-INSH15			
	Insulation shell for EPIV / Belimo Energy Valve™ DN 3250	Z-INSH32			
Accessories					
Spare parts	Description	Туре			
	Sensor module thermal energy meter DN 15	R-22PE-0UC			
	Sensor module thermal energy meter DN 20	R-22PE-0UD			
	Sensor module thermal energy meter DN 25	R-22PE-0UE			
	Sensor module thermal energy meter DN 32	R-22PE-0UF			
	Sensor module thermal energy meter DN 40	R-22PE-0UG			
	Sensor module thermal energy meter DN 50	R-22PE-0UH			
Gateways	Description	Туре			
	Converter M-Bus	G-22PEM-A01			
Mechanical accessories	Description	Туре			
	T-piece with thermowell DN 15	A-22PE-A01			
	T-piece with thermowell DN 20	A-22PE-A02			
	T-piece with thermowell DN 25	A-22PE-A03			
	T-piece with thermowell DN 32	A-22PE-A04			
	T-piece with thermowell DN 40	A-22PE-A05			
	T-piece with thermowell DN 50	A-22PE-A06			
	Thermowell Stainless steel, 80 mm, G 1/2", SW27	A-22PE-A08			
	Pipe connector DN 15 Rp 1/2, G 3/4	EXT-EF-15F			
	Pipe connector DN 20 Rp 3/4, G 1	EXT-EF-20F			
	Pipe connector DN 25 Rp 1, G 1 1/4	EXT-EF-25F			
	Pipe connector DN 32 Rp 1 1/4, G 1 1/2	EXT-EF-32F			
	Pipe connector DN 40 Rp 1 1/2, G 2	EXT-EF-40F			
	Pipe connector DN 50 Rp 2, G 2 1/2	EXT-EF-50F			
	Valve neck extension for ball valve DN 1550	ZR-EXT-01			
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 15	ZR2315			
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 20	ZR2320			
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 25	ZR2325			
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 32	ZR2332			
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 40	ZR2340			
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 50	ZR2350			
Tools	Description	Туре			
	Converter Bluetooth / NFC	ZIP-BT-NFC			

Electrical installation



Supply from isolating transformer.

Parallel connection of other actuators possible. Observe the performance data.

The wiring of the line for BACnet MS/TP / Modbus RTU is to be carried out in accordance with applicable RS-485 regulations.

Modbus / BACnet: Supply and communication are not galvanically isolated. Connect earth signal of the devices with one another.

Sensor connection: An additional sensor can optionally be connected to the thermal energy meter. This can be a passive resistance sensor Pt1000, Ni1000, NTC10k (10k2), an active sensor with output DC 0...10 V or a switching contact. Thus the analogue signal of the sensor can be easily digitised with the thermal energy meter and transferred to the corresponding bus system.

Analogue output: An analogue output (wire 5) is available on the thermal energy meter. It can be selected as DC 0...10 V, DC 0.5...10 V or DC 2...10 V. For example, the flow rate or the temperature of the temperature sensor T1/T2 can be output as an analogue value.



Wire colours:

1 = black

2 = red

3 = white 5 = orange

6 = pink

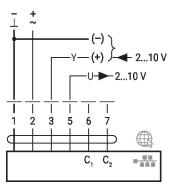
7 = grey

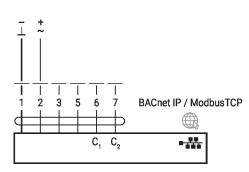
Functions:

C1 = D - = A

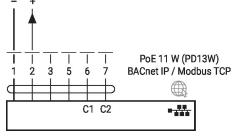
C2 = D + = B

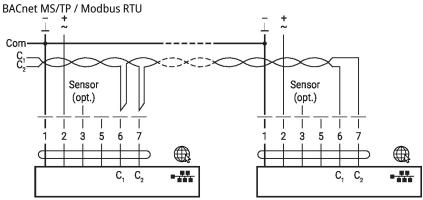
BACnet IP / Modbus TCP



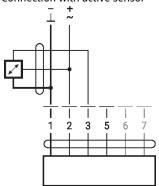


PoE with BACnet IP / Modbus TCP

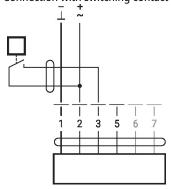


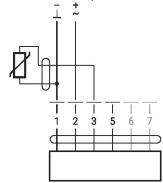


Connection with active sensor



Connection with switching contact Connection with passive sensor





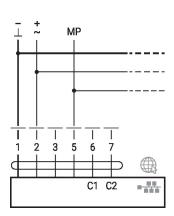


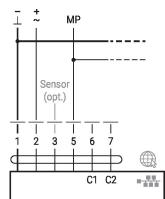
Functions

Functions with specific parameters (Parametrisation necessary)

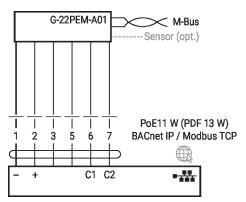
MP-Bus, supply via 3-wire connection

MP-Bus via 2-wire connection, local power supply

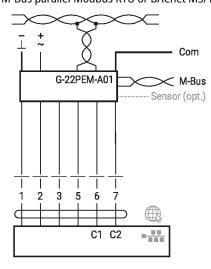




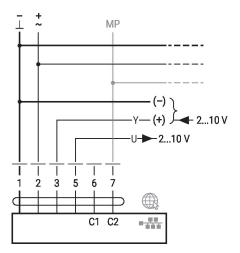
M-Bus parallel Modbus TCP or BACnet IP with PoE



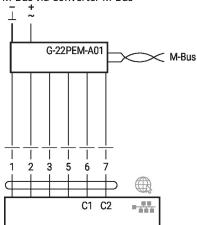
M-Bus parallel Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP



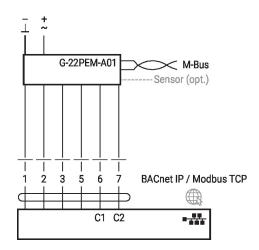
MP-Bus with analogue setpoint (hybrid mode)



M-Bus via Converter M-Bus



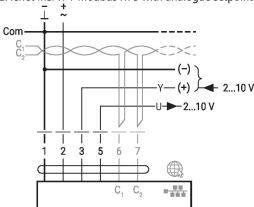
M-Bus parallel Modbus TCP or BACnet IP

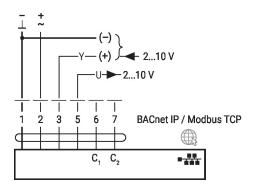




BACnet MS/TP / Modbus RTU with analogue setpoint (hybrid mode)

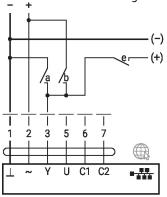
BACnet IP / Modbus TCP with analogue setpoint (hybrid mode)





Override control and limiting with DC 24 V with relay contacts (with conventional control or hybrid mode)

←Y 0...10 V

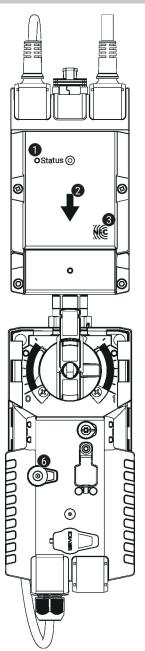


1	2	а	b	е	
~	~	_~	_/_	_/_	Close
	7	_/_	\	7	Υ
~		_/_		_/_	Open ¹⁾
~	~	_/_		__	V′ 2)
_~	~	_/_	7	_/_	Q' 3)

- 1) Position control
- 2) Flow control
- 3) Power control



Operating controls and indicators



1 LED display green

On: Device starting up
Flashing: In operation (Power ok)

Off: No power

2 Flow direction

3 NFC interface

4 Manual override button

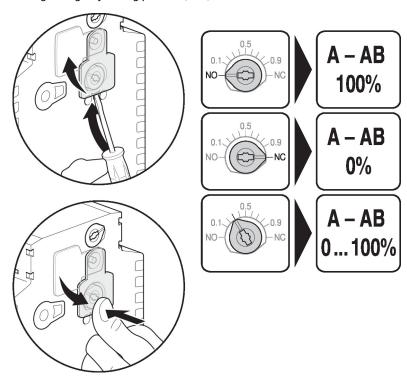
Press button: Gear train disengages, motor stops, manual override possible

Release button: Gear train engages, standard mode



Setting fail-safe position

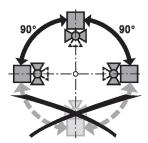
Setting emergency setting position (POP)



Installation notes

Recommended installation positions

The ball valve can be installed upright to horizontal. The ball valve may not be installed in a hanging position, i.e. with the spindle pointing downwards.



Installation position in return

Installation in the return is recommended.

Water quality requirements

The water quality requirements specified in VDI 2035 must be adhered to.

Belimo valves are regulating devices. For the valves to function correctly in the long term, they must be kept free from particle debris (e.g. welding beads during installation work). The installation of a suitable strainer is recommended.

Servicing

Ball valves, rotary actuators and sensors are maintenance-free.

Before any service work on the control element is carried out, it is essential to isolate the rotary actuator from the power supply (by unplugging the electrical cable if necessary). Any pumps in the part of the piping system concerned must also be switched off and the appropriate slide valves closed (allow all components to cool down first if necessary and always reduce the system pressure to ambient pressure level).

The system must not be returned to service until the ball valve and the rotary actuator have been correctly reassembled in accordance with the instructions and the pipeline has been refilled by professionally trained personnel.

Flow direction

The direction of flow, specified by an arrow on the housing, is to be complied with, since otherwise the flow rate will be measured incorrectly.

Cleaning of pipes

Before installing the thermal energy meter, the circuit must be thoroughly rinsed to remove impurities.

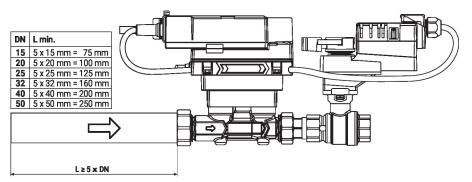
Prevention of stresses

The thermal energy meter must not be subjected to excessive stress caused by pipes or fittings.



Inlet section

In order to achieve the specified measuring accuracy, a flow-calming section or inflow section in the direction of the flow is to be provided upstream from the flow sensor. Its dimensions should be at least 5x DN.



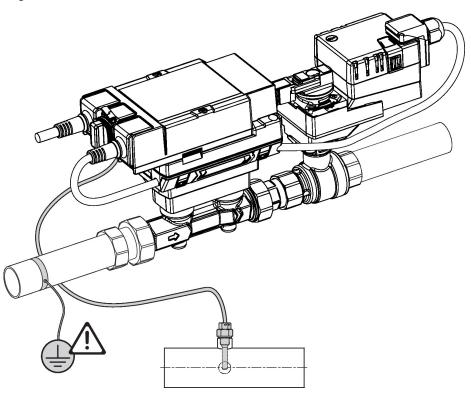
Mounting of immersion sleeve and temperature sensor

The valve is equipped with two fully-wired temperature sensors.

- T2: This sensor is installed in the thermal energy meter.
- T1: This sensor is installed on site ahead of the consumer (valve in the return line) or after the consumer (valve in the supply line).

Note

The cables between valve unit and temperature sensors may not be either shortened or lengthened.



Split installation

The valve-actuator combination may be mounted separately from the flow sensor. The direction of flow of both components must be observed.



General notes

Minimum differential pressure (pressure drop)

The minimum required differential pressure (pressure drop through the valve) for achieving the desired volumetric flow V'max can be calculated with the aid of the theoretical kvs value (see type overview) and the below-mentioned formula. The calculated value is dependent on the required maximum volumetric flow V'max. Higher differential pressures are compensated for automatically by the valve.

Formula

$$\Delta p_{min} = 100 \text{ x} \left(\frac{\dot{V}_{max}}{k_{vs \text{ theor.}}} \right)^2 \begin{bmatrix} \Delta p_{min} : kPa \\ \dot{V}_{max} : m^3/h \\ k_{vs \text{ theor.}} : m^3/h \end{bmatrix}$$

Example (DN 25 with the desired maximum flow rate = 50% V'nom)

EV025R2+KBAC kvs theor. = 8.1 m³/h V'nom = 58.3 l/min 50% * 58.3 l/min = 29.15 l/min = 1.75 m³/h

$$\Delta p_{min} = 100 \text{ x} \left(\frac{V'_{max}}{k_{vs \text{ theor.}}} \right)^2 = 100 \text{ x} \left(\frac{1.75 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}}{8.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}} \right)^2 = 4.7 \text{ kPa}$$

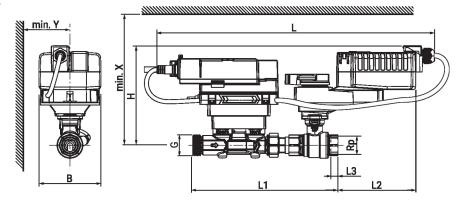
Behaviour in case of sensor failure

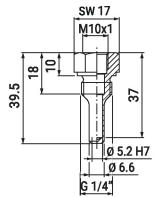
In case of a flow sensor error, the Energy Valve will switch from either power or flow control to position control (Delta-T manger will be deactivated).

Once the error disappears, the Energy Valve will switch back to the normal control setting (Delta-T manager activated)

Dimensions

Dimensional drawings







BELIMO °	Technical data sheet							EVR2+KBAC				
Туре	DN	Rp ["]	G ["]	L [mm]	L1 [mm]	L2 [mm]	L3 [mm]	B [mm]	H [mm]	X [mm]	Y [mm]	O kg \
EV015R2+KBAC	15	1/2	3/4	427	195	128	13	90	136	206	80	2.1
EV020R2+KBAC	20	3/4	1	440	230	123	14	90	137	207	80	2.8
EV025R2+KBAC	25	1	1 1/4	447	246	117	16	90	140	210	80	2.7
EV032R2+KBAC	32	1 1/4	1 1/2	458	267	110	19	90	143	213	80	4.0
EV040R2+KBAC	40	1 1/2	2	464	280	105	19	90	147	217	80	4.8
EV050R2+KBAC	50	2	2 1/2	472	294	100	22	90	152	222	80	5.2

Further documentation

- Data sheet thermal energy meter
- Overview MP Cooperation Partners
- Tool connections
- General notes for project planning
- Instruction Webserver
- Description Data-Pool Values
- BACnet Interface description
- Modbus Interface description
- Introduction to MP-Bus Technology
- Installation instructions for actuators and/or ball valves