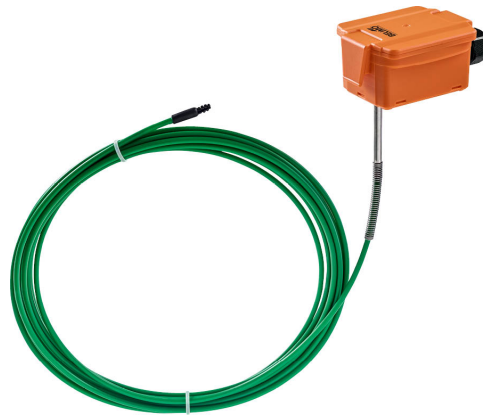


Average temperature sensor

Active sensor (4...20 mA) for measuring the averaging temperature in duct applications. IP65 / NEMA 4X rated enclosure. Supplied with one continuous sensing element across the whole length of the probe to ensure optimum accuracy and eliminate air stratification problems.



Type Overview

| Type | Output signal active temperature | Probe length |
|----------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| 22MT-144 | 4...20 mA | 3 m |
| 22MT-145 | 4...20 mA | 6 m |

Technical Data

| | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------|------------|-----------------|
| Electrical data | Nominal voltage | DC 24 V | | | |
| | Nominal voltage range | DC 15...35 V | | | |
| | Power consumption DC | 0.5 W | | | |
| | Electrical connection | Pluggable spring loaded terminal block max. 2.5 mm ² | | | |
| | Cable entry | Cable gland with strain relief Ø6...8 mm | | | |
| Functional data | Sensor Technology | Based on Pt1000 1/3 DIN | | | |
| | Application | Air | | | |
| | Multirange | 8 measuring ranges selectable | | | |
| | Current output | 1x 4...20 mA, max. load 500 Ω | | | |
| Measuring data | Measured values | Temperature | | | |
| | Measuring range temperature | Active sensor: range selectable Attention: max. measuring temperature is restricted by max. fluid temperature (see Safety data) | | | |
| | | Setting | range [°C] | range [°F] | Factory setting |
| | | S0 | -50...50 | -30...130 | |
| | | S1 | -10...120 | 0...250 | |
| | | S2 | 0...50 | 40...140 | |
| | | S3 | 0...250 | 30...480 | |
| | | S4 | -15...35 | 0...100 | |
| | | S5 | 0...100 | 40...240 | |
| | | S6 | -20...80 | 40...90 | ✓ |
| | S7 | 0...160 | 0...150 | | |
| | Accuracy temperature active | ±0.5°C @ 21°C [±0.9°F @ 70°F] | | | |
| | Long-term stability | ±0.06°C p.a. @ 21°C [±0.11°F p.a. @ 70°F] | | | |
| | Time constant τ (63%) in air duct | Typical 100 s @ 0 m/s | | | |
| Materials | Cable gland | PA6, black | | | |
| | Housing | Cover: PC, orange Bottom: PC, orange Seal: NBR70, black UV resistant | | | |
| Safety data | Ambient humidity | Max. 95% RH, non-condensing | | | |

| Safety data | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Ambient temperature | -35...50°C [-30...120°F] |
| Fluid temperature | -35...50°C [-30...120°F] |
| Housing surface temperature | Max. 70°C [160°F] |
| Protection class IEC/EN | III, Protective Extra-Low Voltage (PELV) |
| Power source UL | Class 2 Supply |
| EU Conformity | CE Marking |
| Certification IEC/EN | IEC/EN 60730-1 |
| Degree of protection IEC/EN | IP65 |
| Degree of protection NEMA/UL | NEMA 4X |
| Enclosure | UL Enclosure Type 4X |
| Quality Standard | ISO 9001 |
| Mode of operation | Type 1 |
| Pollution degree | 3 |
| Rated impulse voltage supply | 0.8 kV |
| Construction | Independently mounted control |

Safety notes


This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

Remarks

General remarks concerning sensors Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage (± 0.2 V). When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

Build-up of Self-Heating by Electrical Dissipative Power Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. The dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature. In case of a fixed operating voltage (± 0.2 V) this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration, for reasons of production engineering. Transducers 0...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. That means, that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics.

If a readjustment directly at the active sensor should be necessary during later operation, this can be done with the following adjustment methods.

- For sensors with NFC or dongle by the corresponding Belimo app
- For sensors with a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board
- For bus sensors via bus interface with a corresponding software variable

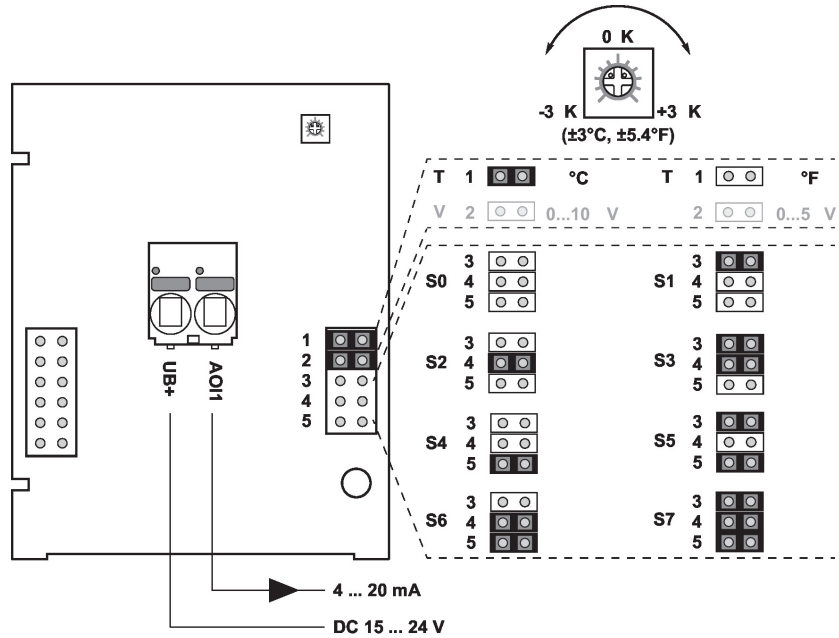
Scope of delivery

| Scope of delivery | Description | Type |
|-------------------|--|-----------|
| | Mounting kit, with 6 mounting brackets | A-22D-A08 |
| | Mounting plate S housing | A-22D-A09 |

Accessories

| Optional accessories | Description | Type |
|----------------------|--|-------------|
| | Connection adapter, M20x1.5, for cable 1x6 mm, Multipack 10 pcs. | A-22G-A01.1 |

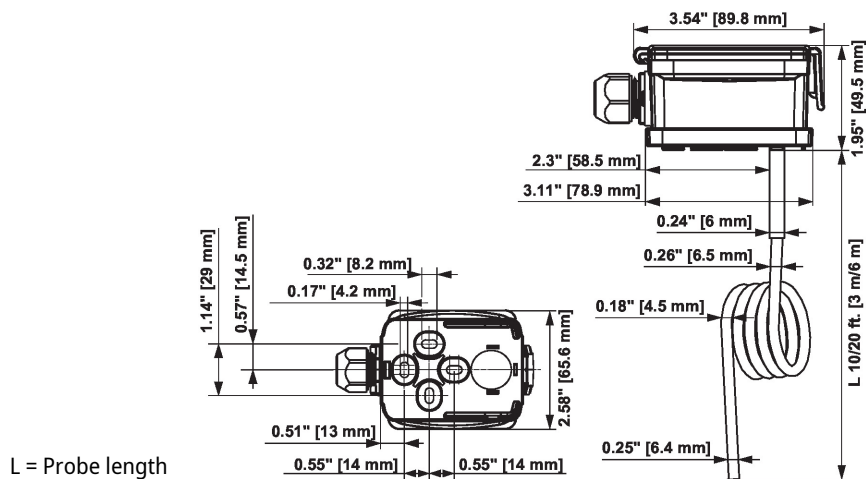
Wiring diagram



The adjustment of the measuring ranges is made by changing the bonding jumpers. The output value in the new measuring range is available after 2 seconds.

| Setting | range [°C] | range [°F] | Factory setting |
|---------|------------|------------|-----------------|
| S0 | -50...50 | -30...130 | |
| S1 | -10...120 | 0...250 | |
| S2 | 0...50 | 40...140 | |
| S3 | 0...250 | 30...480 | |
| S4 | -15...35 | 0...100 | |
| S5 | 0...100 | 40...240 | |
| S6 | -20...80 | 40...90 | ✓ |
| S7 | 0...160 | 0...150 | |

Dimensions



L = Probe length

| Type | Probe length | Weight |
|----------|--------------|---------|
| 22MT-144 | 3 m | 0.22 kg |
| 22MT-145 | 6 m | 0.28 kg |