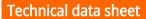


Contact temperature sensor

Active contact temperature sensor (4...20 mA) for pipe applications. Spring loaded brass contact pin to ensure fast response and accurate reading.







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Type Overview					
	Туре	Out	put signal active	temperature	
	22HT-14		420 m	A	
Technical data					
Electrical data	Nominal voltage	DC 24 V			
	Nominal voltage range	DC 13.5	.26.4 V		
	Power consumption DC	0.5 W			
	Electrical connection	Pluggabl	e spring loaded	terminal block	k max.
		2.5 mm ²	. 3		
	Cable entry	Cable gla	nd with strain re	elief Ø68 mn	n
Functional data	Sensor Technology	Based on	Pt1000 1/3 DIN		
	Application	Water			
	Multirange	8 measur	ring ranges selec	table	
	Current output	1x 420	mA, max. load 5	00 Ω	
Measuring data	Measured values	Tempera	ture		
	Measuring range temperature	rempera			
	measaring range temperature	Active se	nsor: range sele	ctable	
			ı: max. measurin		e is
			d by max. fluid te		
		data)			
		Setting	range [°C]	range [°F]	Factory setting
		S0	-5050	-30130	setting
		S1	-10120	0250	
		S2	050	40140	
		S 3	0250	30480	
		S4	-1535	0100	
		S5	0100	40240	
		S6	-2080	4090	
		S7	0160	0150	
	Accuracy temperature active	±0.5°C @	21°C [±0.9°F @	70°F]	
	Long-term stability		o.a. @ 21°C [±0.0	-	°F]
	Time constant τ (63%) on water pipe		mal contact flui	d	
		Typical 1	6 s		
Materials	Cable gland	PA6, black			
	Housing	Cover: PC			
			PC, orange		
			R70, black		
		UV resist	ant		
Safety data	Ambient humidity	Max. 95%	6 RH, non-conde	nsing	
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Safety data

Ambient temperature	-3550°C [-30120°F]
Fluid temperature	-3570°C [-30160°F]
Housing surface temperature	Max. 70°C [160°F]
Protection class IEC/EN	III, Protective Extra-Low Voltage (PELV)
Power source UL	Class 2 Supply
EU Conformity	CE Marking
Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1
Certification UL	cULus acc. to UL60730-1A/-2-9, CAN/CSA E60730-1/-2-9
Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP54
Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 1
Enclosure	UL Enclosure Type 1
Quality Standard	ISO 9001
Pollution degree	2

Safety notes



This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

Remarks

General remarks concerning sensors

When using lengthy connection wires (depending on the cross section used) the measuring result might be falsified due to a voltage drop at the common GND-wire (caused by the voltage current and the line resistance). In this case, 2 GND-wires must be wired to the sensor - one for supply voltage and one for the measuring current.

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage $(\pm 0.2 \text{ V})$. When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

Build-up of self-heating by electrical dissipative power

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. The dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature. In case of a fixed operating voltage (±0.2 V) this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration, for reasons of production engineering. Transducers 0...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. That means, that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics.

If a readjustment directly at the active sensor should be necessary during later operation, this can be done with the following adjustment methods.

- For sensors with NFC or dongle by the corresponding Belimo app
- For sensors with a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board
- For bus sensors via bus interface with a corresponding software variable



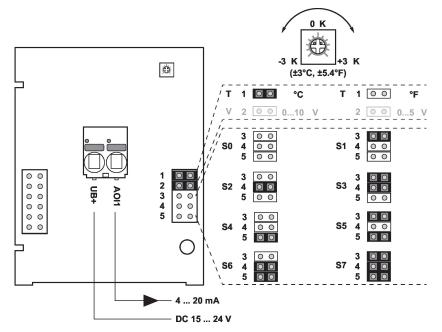
Scope of delivery

Scope of delivery	Description	Туре	
	Fixing strap, for pipes up to Ø 40110 mm [1.64.3"]	A-22P-A47	

Accessories

Optional accessories	Description	Туре
	Fixing strap, for pipes up to Ø 40250 mm [1.69.8"]	A-22P-A49
	Syringe with thermal paste	A-22P-A44
	Connection adapter, M20x1.5, for cable 1x6 mm, Multipack 10 pcs.	A-22G-A01.1

Wiring diagram

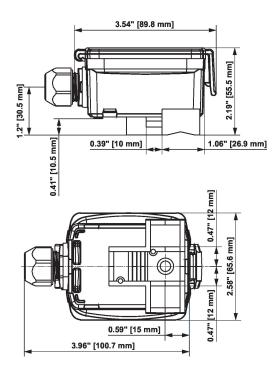


The adjustment of the measuring ranges is made by changing the bonding jumpers. The output value in the new measuring range is available after 2 seconds.

Setting	range [°C]	range [°F]	Factory setting
S0	-5050	-30130	
S1	-10120	0250	
S2	050	40140	
S3	0250	30480	
S4	-1535	0100	
S5	0100	40240	
S6	-2080	4090	
S7	0160	0150	



Dimensions



Туре	Weight	
22HT-14	0.15 kg	