SIEMENS



Acvatix[™]
Actuators SAS.., SAT.. for valves
Basic Documentation

Siemens Switzerland Ltd Smart Infrastructure Global Headquarters Theilerstrasse 1a 6300 Zug Switzerland Phone +41 58-724 24 24 www.siemens.com/buildingtechnologies

© Siemens Switzerland Ltd, 2019 Technical specifications and availability subject to change without notice.

Contents

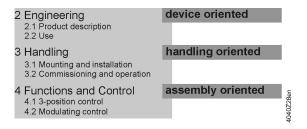
1	About this documentation	5
1.1	Navigation	5
1.2	Revision history	5
1.3	Reference documents	5
1.4	Before you start	6
1.4.1	Trademarks	
1.4.2	Copyright	
1.4.3 1.4.4	Quality assurance	
1.4.4	Document use / request to the reader	
2	Engineering	
_		
2.1	Product description	
2.2	Use	
2.3 2.3.1	Type summary	
_	Stroke actuators	
2.4	Ordering	
2.5 2.5.1	Equipment combinations	
2.5.1	2-port / 3-port threaded valves with stroke actuator SAS	
2.6	Accessories	
2.6.1	Electrical accessories	
2.6.2	Mechanical accessories	
2.7	Product replacements	. 11
2.7.1	Stroke actuators SAS./SAT to SQS	. 11
2.7.2	Electrical accessories	.12
2.8	Spare parts	.12
2.9	Sizing	
2.9.1	Parallel operation of actuators	
2.9.2	Permissible cable length and wire cross-sectional area	
2.10	Warranty	
3	Handling	
3.1	Mounting and installation	
3.1.1 3.1.2	Mounting positions Fitting stroke actuators SAS to threaded valves	
3.1.3	Accessories	
3.1.4	Wiring (installation)	
3.2	Commissioning and operation	.21
3.2.1	Function check and Calibration	
3.2.2	Commissioning Modbus RTU	
3.2.3	Maintenance	
3.2.4	Disposal	
4	Functions and control	
4.1	3-position control	
4.2	Modulating control	
4.2.1 4.2.2	Positioning signal and flow characteristic selection Position feedback U	
4.2.3	Calibration	

4.2.4 4.2.5 4.2.6 4.2.7	Signal priorities Detection of valve seat Detection of foreign bodies Forced control Z	.34 .34
4.3 4.3.1 4.3.2 4.3.3 4.3.4 4.3.5 4.4 4.4.1 4.4.2 4.4.3 4.4.4 4.4.5 4.4.6	Communicating actuators Modbus RTU Detection of valve seat Detection of foreign bodies Calibration Manual adjustment Parameters and function description Technical and mechanical design Transmission of power Kopplung Fail safe function Manual adjuster Indicators Electrical accessories	.35 .36 .36 .37 .38 .41 .41 .41 .42 .43
4.4.7	Mechanical accessories	
5	Technical data	.45
5 6		
	Connection diagrams and dimensions Internal diagrams	.47
6 6.1 6.2 6.2.1 6.2.2	Connection diagrams and dimensions Internal diagrams Connection terminals Actuators Electrical accessories	.47 .48 .48 .49
6 6.1 6.2 6.2.1	Connection diagrams and dimensions	.47 .48 .48 .49
6 6.1 6.2 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3	Connection diagrams and dimensions Internal diagrams Connection terminals Actuators Electrical accessories Cable labeling	.47 .48 .48 .49 .50 .53
6 6.1 6.2 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.3 6.4 6.4.1 6.4.2	Connection diagrams and dimensions Internal diagrams Connection terminals Actuators Electrical accessories Cable labeling Connection diagrams Dimensions Stroke actuators	.47 .48 .48 .49 .50 .53
6 6.1 6.2 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.3 6.4 6.4.1 6.4.2	Connection diagrams and dimensions Internal diagrams Connection terminals Actuators Electrical accessories Cable labeling Connection diagrams Dimensions Stroke actuators External Modbus Converter	.47 .48 .48 .49 .50 .53 .55
6 6.1 6.2 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.3 6.4 6.4.1 6.4.2 Revision	Connection diagrams and dimensions Internal diagrams Connection terminals Actuators Electrical accessories Cable labeling Connection diagrams Dimensions Stroke actuators External Modbus Converter numbers	.47 .48 .48 .49 .50 .53 .55 .55
6 6.1 6.2 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.3 6.4 6.4.1 6.4.2 Revision 7	Connection diagrams and dimensions Internal diagrams Connection terminals Actuators Electrical accessories Cable labeling Connection diagrams Dimensions Stroke actuators External Modbus Converter numbers Glossary	.47 .48 .48 .49 .50 .53 .55 .55

1 About this documentation

1.1 Navigation

Information about a specific actuator is provided throughout the document. The structure of chapters 2 to 4 is as follows:



Note

Glossary and Index are arranged at the end of the document.

1.2 Revision history

Revision	Date	Changes	Chapter
First edition	2015-05-19	-	-
2.0	2016-02-26	Corrections in: Technical Data, Equipment Combinations, use of vocabulary, Mounting Position, Connection Diagrms	2; 3; 4; 5
2.1	2017-05-08	New: Communicating actuators (SAS61.03/MO) Supplement: Adapter set ASK30 Modified: Connectiion terminals, disposal, positioning time stroke model	Title image, 2, 3.1.1, 3.2.2, 4.3, 5, 6, 7 3.1.3, 4.4.7 3.1.4, 3.2.3, 4.1
2.2	2019-04-09	New: Combination with RVD controllers	4.1.1

1.3 Reference documents

Type of document	SAS	SAT		
Data sheet	N4581	N4584		
Data sheet, communications profile Modbus	A6V101037195	=		
Mounting Instructions	lasered on cover			
Mounting instructions S6/MO and G161/MO	A5W00027551	-		
CE Declaration of Conformity (AC 230 V, AC/DC 24 V)	CE1T4581xx	CE1T4584xx		
RCM Declaration of Conformity	CE1T4581en_C1	CE1T4584en_C1		
Environmental Declaration	E4581	E4584		
Environmental declaration, external Modbus converter	A6V101083254	-		

1.4 Before you start

1.4.1 Trademarks

The table below lists the third-party trademarks used in this document and their legal owners. The use of trademarks is subject to international and domestic provisions of the law.

Trademarks	Legal owner
Acvatix [™]	Siemens Switzerland Ltd

All product names listed in the table are registered ($^{\mathbb{R}}$) or not registered ($^{\mathbb{T}^{\mathbb{M}}}$) trademarks of the owner listed in the table. We forgo the labeling (e.g. using the symbols $^{\mathbb{R}}$ and $^{\mathbb{T}^{\mathbb{M}}}$) of trademarks for the purposes of legibility based on the reference in this section.

1.4.2 Copyright

This document may be duplicated and distributed only with the express permission of Siemens, and may be passed on only to authorized persons or companies with the required technical knowledge.

1.4.3 Quality assurance

These documents were prepared with great care.

- The contents of all documents are checked at regular intervals
- All necessary corrections are included in subsequent versions
- Anpassungen bzw. Documents are automatically amended as a consequence of modifications and corrections to the products described

Please make sure that you are aware of the latest document revision date. If you find lack of clarity while using this document, or if you have any criticisms or suggestions, please contact the product manager in your nearest branch office. The addresses of the Siemens regional companies are available at www.siemens.com/acvatix.

1.4.4 Document use / request to the reader

Before using our products, it is important that you read the documents supplied with or ordered at the same time as the products (equipment, applications, tools etc.) carefully and in full.

We assume that persons using our products and documents are authorized and trained appropriately and have the technical knowledge required to use our products as intended.

More information on the products and applications is available:

- On the intranet (Siemens employees only) at https://workspace.sbt.siemens.com/content/00001123/default.aspx.
- From the Siemens branch office near you www.siemens.com/acvatix or from your system supplier.
- From the support team at headquarters fieldsupport-zug.ch.sbt@siemens.com if there is no local point of contact.

Siemens assumes no liability to the extent allowed under the law for any losses resulting from a failure to comply with the aforementioned points or for the improper compliance of the same.

1.5 Scope of this documentation

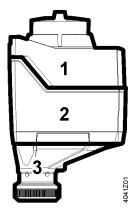
This document shall serve as a source of knowledge. In addition to basic information, it provides general technical information about the actuators used in HVAC plants. It is also targeted at engineering staff, HVAC electrical planners, system integrators and service engineers and provides all information required for planning work, correct installation, commissioning and service.

Engineering

Product description 2.1

The line of small actuators is comprised of stroke actuators SAS.. and SAT..

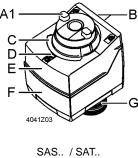
Mechanical design



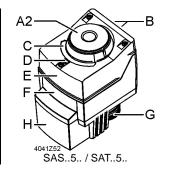
1	User interface Electrical connections
2	Power transmission and preparation Print Motor
3	Yoke (for assembly of actuator and seat, slipper

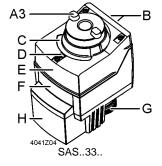
SAS.., SAT..

Components









- Manual adjuster (with slide switch)
- Α2 Dummy cover (without manual adjuster)
- А3 Manual adjuster (without slide switch)
- В Cable glands (M16 / M20)
- С Position indication
- D Status indication (SA..61.., 0...10 V)
- Ε Housing cover
- F Housing
- G Valve stem coupling
- Housing of spring return

Network functions

See Section 3.2.2 Commissioning Modbus RTU

2.2 Use

SAS.. / SAT..

For use in connection with Siemens 2-port or 3-port valves, as control or shutoff valves for HVAC plants.

2.3 **Type summary**

2.3.1 Stroke actuators

5.5 mm All types: Stroke

SAS.. 400 N Positioning force

SAT.. 300 N

Product no.	Stock no.	Operating voltage	Positioning signal	Power consumption	Positioning time	Fail safe function / Spring return time	Manual adjuster ⁸⁾	Position feedback	Ren	nark
SAS31.00	S55158-A106			2.8 / 2.4 VA ⁵⁾	120 s	no / –	V05			
SAS31.03	S55158-A107	AC 230 V	3-position	3.5 / 2.9 VA ⁵⁾	30 s	110 / –	yes		1)	3)
SAS31.50	S55158-A108	AC 230 V	3-position	3.5 / 2.9 VA ⁵⁾	120 s	yes / $<$ 28 s $^{6)}$	no	-		
SAS31.53	S55158-A109			5.5 / 3.8 VA ⁵⁾	30 s	yes / <14 s ⁶⁾	110			
SAS61.03	S55158-A100		DC 010 V	5.3 / 4.5 VA ⁵⁾		,		500 1011	1)	
SAS61.03U	S55158-A100-A100		DC 420 mA 01000 Ω	5.3 / 4.5 VA ⁵⁾		no / –		DC 010 V	2)	
SAS61.03/MO	S55158-A121	AC/DC 24 V	Modbus RTU	6.0 / 5.2 VA ⁵⁾	30 s	yes / <14 s ⁶⁾	yes	Modbus RTU DC 010 V	1), 7)	
SAS61.33	S55158-A101	AC/DC 24 V	DC 010 V DC 420 mA 01000 Ω	5.9 / 4.8 VA ⁵⁾	30 \$				1)	
SAS61.33U	S55158-A101-A100			5.9 / 4.8 VA ⁵⁾					2)	
SAS61.53	S55158-A102			5.8 / 5.0 VA ⁵⁾			no		1)	4)
SAS81.00	S55158-A103			2.2 / 2.0 VA ⁵⁾	120 s	no / –	yes	-	1)	
SAS81.03	S55158-A104			2.5 / 2.1 VA ⁵⁾					1)	
SAS81.03U	S55158-A104-A100	AC/DC 24 V	3-position	2.5 / 2.1 VA ⁵⁾	00.5				2)	
SAS81.33	S55158-A105			3.4 / 2.4 VA ⁵⁾	30 s	. 6)			1)	
SAS81.33U	S55158-A105-A100			3.4 / 2.4 VA ⁵⁾		yes / <14 s ⁶⁾			2)	
SAT31.008	S55158-A119	AC 230 V	2 position	5.0 / 2.5 VA ⁵⁾	8 s	no / –	yes			3)
SAT31.51	S55158-A120	AC 230 V	3-position	5.5 / 3.2 VA ⁵⁾	15 s	yes / <8 s ⁶⁾	no	-	1)	
SAT61.008	S55158-A117	A O / D O O A \ \ \	DC 010 V	7.1 / 4.6 VA ⁵⁾	8 s	no / –	yes	DO 0 401/	.,	4)
SAT61.51	S55158-A118	AC/DC 24 V	DC 420 mA 01000 Ω	6.4 / 4.8 VA ⁵⁾	15 s	yes / <8 s ⁶⁾	no	DC 010 V		

Cable gland: M16 and M20 (ISO50262)

2.4 **Ordering**

Example

Product no.	Stock no.	Description	Quantity			
SAS31.00	S55158-A106	Actuator	1			
+ auxiliary components (connections, auxiliary switches)						

Delivery

Actuators, valves and accessories are supplied in individual packs.

Cable gland: ½" (UL514C)

Approbation: CE

⁴⁾ Approbation: CE and UL (only 24 V)

Second value: Power consumption in neutral position

Spring return time increased slightly at low temperatures

Fixed connection cable 5 x 0.75 mm²

Not designed for continuous operation.

2.5 Equipment combinations

2.5.1 2-port / 3-port threaded valves with stroke actuator SAS..

Typical applications:

• Heating plants

• District heating plants

• Ventilation and air conditioning plants

Actuators

Stroke

5.5 mm

Positioning force
400 N

Ventilation and air conditioning plants

Data sheet

N4581

▶ PN 16	VVG44	PN 16	VXG44				SAS		
Medium	1120 °C	Medium	1120 °C	DN	G	k vs	$\Delta \mathbf{p}_{max}$	$\Delta \mathbf{p_s}$	
Data sheet	N4364	Data sheet	N4464		[Inch]	[m ³ /h]	[kPa]	[kPa]	
1	VVG44.15 ¹⁾	Ü	VXG44.15 ¹⁾	15	G 1 B	0.25 / 0.4 / 0.63	400	1600	
	VVG44.15 ¹⁾	Richer 25	VXG44.15 ¹⁾	15	G 1 B	1 / 1.6	400	725	
WANGE 25			MMan-25	MSM 80-25 ATTONN	VXG44.15 ¹⁾	15	G 1 B	2.5 / 4	400
	VVG44.20-6.3		VXG44.20-6.3	20	G 1 1/4 B	6.3	400	750	
	VVG44.25-10		VXG44.25-10	25	G 1 1/2 B	10	400	400	
	VVG44.32-16		VXG44.32-16	32	G2B	16	250	250	
	VVG44.40-25		VXG44.40-25	40	G 2 1/4 B	25	125	125	

№ PN 25	VVG55 ²⁾	SAS			S	
Medium	1130 °C	DN	G	k _{vs}	$\Delta \mathbf{p}_{max}$	$\Delta \mathbf{p_s}$
Data sheet	N4379		[Inch]	[m ³ /h]	[kPa]	[kPa]
	VVG55.15 ¹⁾	15	G 3/4 B	0.25 / 0.4 / 0.63	1200	2500
	VVG55.15 ¹⁾	15	G 3/4 B	1 / 1.6 / 2.5	1200	2000
W5204 /	VVG55.20-4	20	G 1 B	4	1000	1000
ASSAN TO BE	VVG55.25-6.3	25	G 1 1/4 B	6.3	800	800

 $^{^{1)}}$.. = insert k_{vs} value

2.5.2 2-port / 3-port threaded valves with stroke actuator SAS.. and SAT..

Typical applications:	Actuators	SAS	SAT
 District heating plants 	Stroke	5.5 mm	5.5 mm
31	Positioning force	400 N	300 N
	Data sheet	N4581	N4584

► PN 25	VVG549			SAS 1), 2)		SAT ¹⁾		
Medium	2130 °C	DN	G	k _{vs}	Δp_{max}	$\Delta \mathbf{p_s}$	$\Delta \mathbf{p}_{max}$	$\Delta \mathbf{p_s}$
Data sheet	Q4380		[Zoll]	[m ³ /h]	[kPa]	[kPa]	[kPa]	[kPa]
	VVG549.15-0.25			0,25				
6.00	VVG549.15-0.4	15 G 3/4 B		0,4		2500		2500
	VVG549.15-0.63			0,63				
	VVG549.15-1		1	1200		4000		
	VVG549.15-1.6				1,6	1200	1500	1200
	VVG549.15-2.5			2,5				
	VVG549.20-4K 3)	20	G1B	4		1600		4000
	VVG549.25-6.3K 3)	25	G 1 1/4 B	6,3		1000		1600

 $^{^{1)}}$ Briefly 150 °C (up to 150 °C max. 6 of 24 hours), with ALG..B fittings up to 100 °C

 $^{^{\}rm 2)}$.. = VVG55 to be replaced by VVG549 as of January 1, 2017

²⁾ SAS.. combined with VVG549: Change setting on the DIL switch to linear (factory setting = log). SAS../MO: Change Modbus register 263 to $0 = \text{linear} \rightarrow \text{only possible with Firmware release } 2.0, \text{ not with } 0.27 \text{ and } 1.0!$

³⁾ Pressure compensated

2.6 Accessories

2.6.1 Electrical accessories

Product no.	Accessory	Description
SAS / SAT	ASC10.51	Auxiliary switch

2.6.2 Mechanical accessories

Product no.	Accessory	Description
SAS / SAT	ASK39.2	Weather shield
SAS	ASK30 ²⁾	Adapter set

¹⁾ SAS61../MO is not suitable for outdoor applications

2.7 Product replacements

Replacement of SQS../SSC.. actuators by SAS.. and SAT.. actuators.

Note

- · When replacing actuators consider positioning force.
- Adjust in the controller the parameter "Running time" (corresponds to positioning time + idle stroke) and "Positioning time" if changed, to ensure stable control.
- The replacement of accessory items needs to be taken into consideration also. In that case, compatibility is not necessarily ensured.

2.7.1 Stroke actuators SAS../SAT.. to SQS..

SQS				SAS / SAT					
Product no.	OEM	Pos. time [s]	Pos. force [N]	Product no.	Pos. time [s]	Pos. force [N]	VVG44 VXG44 DN1540	VVG55 DN1525	VVG549 DN1525
SQS35.00	SQS359.00/189	[-]	[]		[-]	[]	√	√	-
0000.00	SQS35.000C	150		SAS31.00	120		✓	· ✓	_
	SQS35.00SL						✓	√	-
SQS35.03	SQS359.03	0.5	400	0.1.00.1.00		400	√	√	-
	SQS359.03/189	35		SAS31.03	30		✓	✓	-
SQS35.50	-	150		SAS31.50	120		✓	✓	-
SQS35.53	-	35		SAS31.53	30		✓	✓	
-	SQS359.05	15	250	SAT31.008	8	200	-	-	✓
-	SQS359.54	20	400	SAT31.51	15	300	-	-	✓
SQS65	-	150		SAS61.03			✓	✓	-
SQS65.2	-			-			✓	✓	-
SQS65.5	-	35	400	SAS61.53	30	400	✓	✓	-
SQS65.5U 1)	-	33		SAS61.33U			✓	✓	-
SQS65U ¹⁾	-			SAS61.03U			✓	✓	-
SQS85.00	-	150		SAS81.00	120		✓	✓	-
SQS85.03	-	25	400	SAS81.03	20	400	✓	✓	-
SQS85.53U 1)	-	35		SAS81.33U	30		✓	✓	-

¹⁾ SQS..U: prepared for ½ inch flex conduit connection; SAS..U with ½ inch

²⁾ All ex-Landis & Gyr valves with a 4 mm or 5.5 mm strokes can be used with the adapterset: X3i.., VVG45.., VXG45.., VXG46.., VVI51...

2.7.2 Electrical accessories

Notes

- If auxiliary switches are used, their switching points should be indicated on the plant schematic.
- Do not insulate the yoke and housing of the actuator and the valve stem, as air circulation must be ensured.



- Non-observance of the above may result in accidents and fires!
- Do not touch the hot parts without prior protective measures to avoid burns!

Stroke ac	tuators	SQS	SAS
ASC9.6	Auxiliary switch	ASC9.6	ASC10.51

2.8 Spare parts

The following spare parts are available:

SAS.. SAT..

Stock number	Description	
S55845-Z180	Type ASQ1: Housing cover with screws and light conductor as an assembly, without laser marking	0041206

2.9 Sizing

2.9.1 Parallel operation of actuators

SAS31.. and SAS81..

3-position actuators must have one specific controller each; refer to chapter 6.3 Connection diagrams (page 50).

SAS61..

Up to 10 actuators can drive in parallel on a controller output with a rating of 1 mA. Modulating actuators have an input impedance of 100 k Ω .

2.9.2 Permissible cable length and wire cross-sectional area

Cable lengths and wire cross-sectional areas depend on the following criteria of the actuators:

- Current draw
- Permissible voltage drop across the power supply lines

The control accuracy of the modulating actuators can be improved by using 4-wire connections, thus ensuring that voltage drops on G0 will not distort the positioning signal.

Note

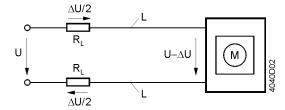
When determining the cable length and the wire cross-sectional area, adherence to the permissible operating voltage tolerance at the actuator is of importance, in addition to the permissible voltage drop across the operating voltage and signal lines (see table below).

Product no.	Operating voltage	Terminal	Max. permissible voltage drop
SA31	AC 230 V	N, Y1, Y2	2% each (total of 4%)
SA61	AC/DC 24 V	G0, Y, U	1% each (at DC 010 V)
SA81	AC/DC 24 V	G, Y1, Y2	4% each (total of 8%)

The following criteria must be considered:

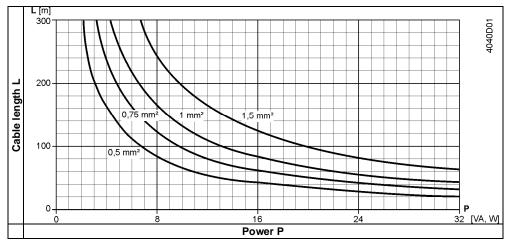
- With modulating control, the permissible positioning signal error must not exceed 1%, the reason being the voltage drop on the G0 wire.
- The voltage drop, caused by charging current peaks in the actuator's DC circuit, must not exceed 2 Vpp.
- If the G0 line is not correctly sized, load changes of the actuator due to changes of the DC voltage drop might lead to self-oscillations.
- The operating voltage drop at AC/DC 24 V may be a maximum of 8% (4% across the G0 wire).

Basic diagram – voltage drop across the power supply cables



The following diagram can be used to determine the cable lengths and wire crosssectional areas.

L/P-diagram for AC/DC 24 V



Permissible cable length L as a function of power P and cross-sectional area of wire as a parameter

Note

P is the decisive power consumption of all actuators connected in parallel. When operating on AC 24 V, power consumption is in VA; when operating on DC 24 V, in W.

Formulas for wire lengths

Operating voltage	Permissible voltage drop / wire	Formula for wire length
AC 230 V	2 % of AC 230 V	L = 46 • 1313 • A P [m]
10.041/	4 % of AC 24 V	$L = \frac{1313 \bullet A}{P} [m]$
AC 24 V	1 % of DC 10 V	$L = \frac{5.47 \cdot A}{I(DC)} [m]$

A Cross-sectional area of wire in mm²

L Permissible wire length in m

P Power consumption in VA (AC) or W (DC) (see actuator's rating plate)

I(DC) DC current part (in A) on G0 wire

2.10 Warranty

The engineering data specified in chapter 2.5 Equipment combinations (page 10) are only guaranteed in connection with the Siemens valves listed. Siemens rejects any and all warranties in the event that third-party products are used.

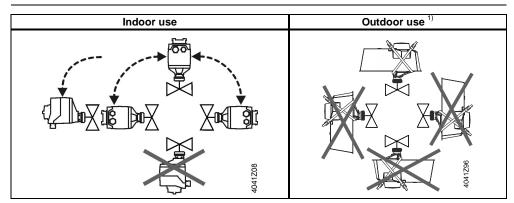
Note

When using the actuators in connection with valves of other manufacture, correct functioning must be ensured by the user, and Siemens will assume no responsibility.

3 Handling

3.1 Mounting and installation

3.1.1 Mounting positions

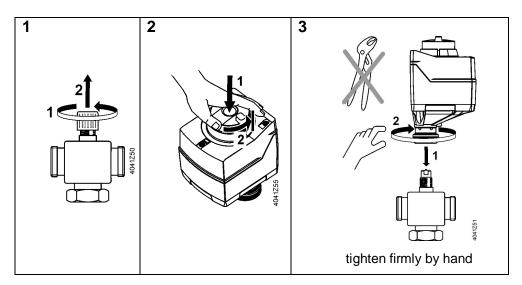


¹⁾ Only in connection with weather shield ASK39.2, housing protection IP54 remains unchanged SAS61../MO is not suitable for outdoor applications.

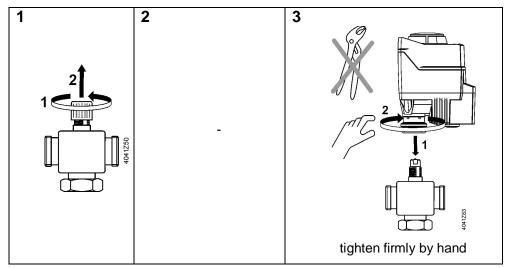
3.1.2 Fitting stroke actuators SAS.. to threaded valves

First, observe chapter 3.1.1 Mounting positions.

SAS..0.. SAT..0..



SAS..5..



15 / 60

3.1.3 Accessories

Special notes on mounting

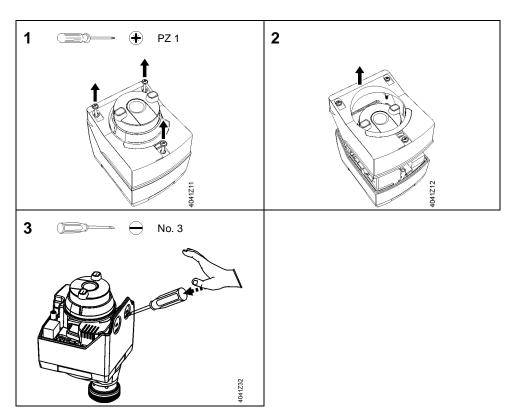
Before fitting the accessory items shown below, the following steps must be performed:

- 1. Actuator is mechanically connected to a Siemens valve.
- 2. Observe compatibility and choice of combinations. Refer to 2.6 (page 11).
- 3. Disconnect actuator, auxiliary switch from power.

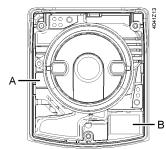
Attention if AC 230 V connected danger of life!



- 4. Only required with actuators without fail safe function: Using the manual adjuster, drive the actuator's stem to the fully retracted position and fix the coupling. See "Manual operation" and "Fixing the position" (page 42).
- 5. To fit an auxiliary switch the housing cover must be removed and the M16 knock-out broken out.



Interior view

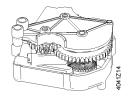


- A Plug-in space for accessory
- 3 Connection terminal

Auxiliary switch ASC10.51

Scope of delivery

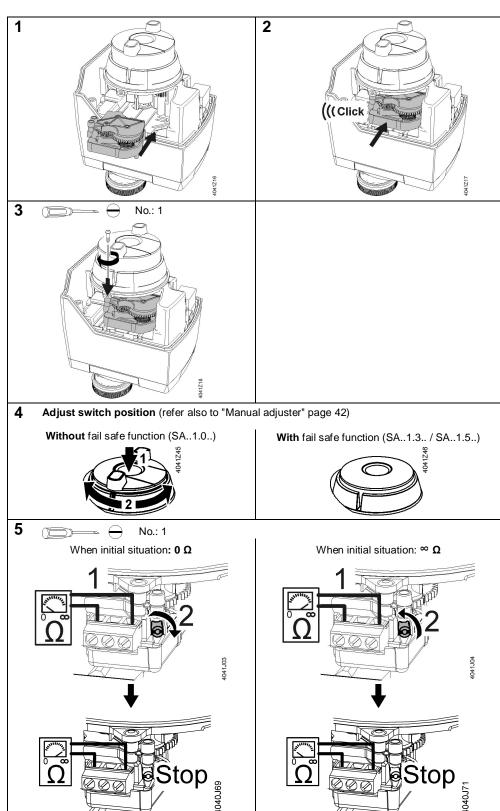
- 1 auxiliary switch
- 1 screw
- Cable ties

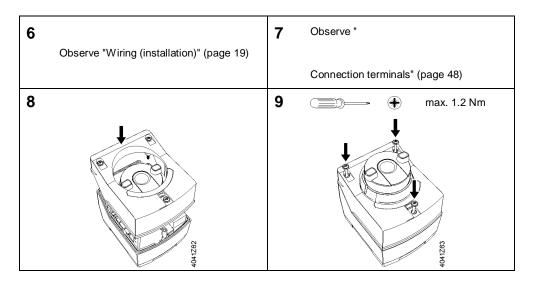




Plug-in space for accessory

First, observe "Special notes on mounting" (page 16).



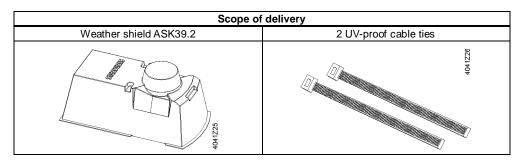


Note

Before commissioning with the control, check the exact position again; see "Auxiliary switch", page 23.

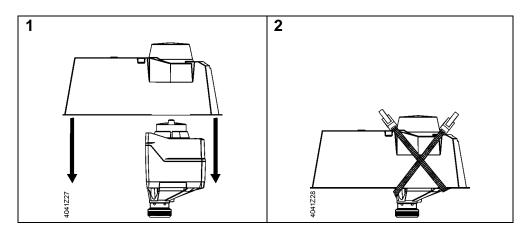
Weather shield ASK39.2

First, observe "Special notes on mounting" (page 16).



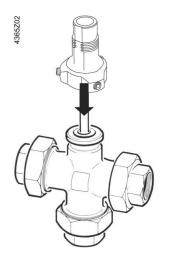
Notes

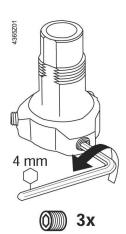
- To protect the actuator from weather effects when used outdoors, the weather shield must always be fitted. The housing protection IP54 remains unchanged.
- If fitted several times, 2 UV-proof cable ties (700 x 7 mm) must be used when fitted again.
- The manual adjuster cannot be used when the weather shield is mounted.
- SAS61../MO is not suitable for outdoor applications.



Adapter set ASK30

Adapter set for ex-Landis & Gyr valves with 4 mm or 5.5 mm strokes: X3i.., VVG45.., VXG45.., VXG46.., VVI51...





See Mounting instructions M4365.2

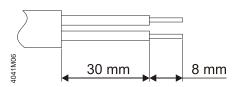
3.1.4 Wiring (installation)

Conduct the electrical connections in accordance with local regulations on electrical installations as well as chapter "

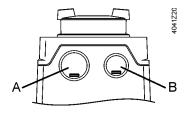
Connection terminals" on page 48.

Preparation of wire endings

The cable endings must be prepared before as follows:



Cable entries



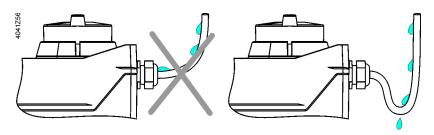
A	EU: M20 US: ½"	Connection actuator
В	EU: M16 US: ½"	Connection accessories

Cable glands

Cable glands (not contained in scope of delivery)					
Metric Metric Inch thread					
M16	M20	1/2"			
4041221	4041222	4041223			

Notes

- Without cable gland IP protection is not guaranteed!
- Guide the cable in a loop to the cable gland, so water can drop off.



Preconditions

Prior to installation, the following preconditions must be satisfied:

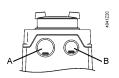
- Actuator is mechanically connected to a Siemens valve.
- Housing cover is removed.

Communicating actuators

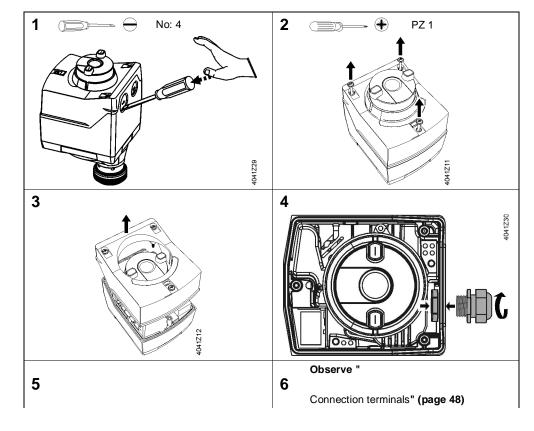


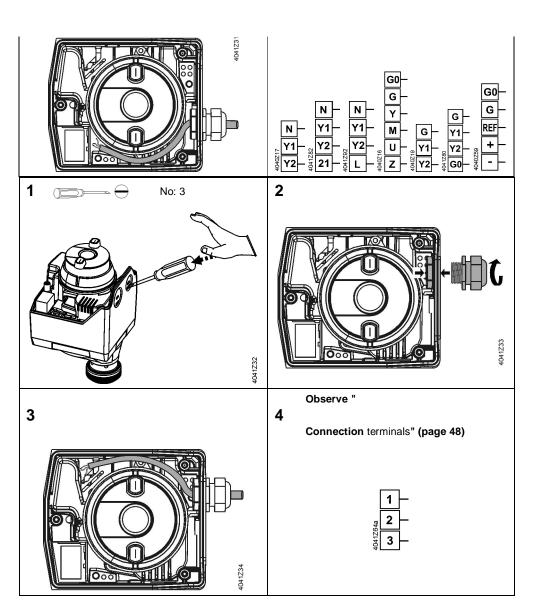
The actuator has a fixed connection

As a result, the left cable entry (A) is used.



Actuator





3.2 Commissioning and operation

3.2.1 Function check and Calibration

Manually

⚠

Auxiliary switch

ASC10.51

Before making the function check, the following preconditions must be satisfied:

- "Environmental conditions" specified in chapter "Technical data" (page 45)
- Actuator is mechanically connected to a Siemens valve.
- Actuator is in "Manual operation" mode (page 42).

If available, the actuator can be operated with the help of the "Manual adjuster" (see page 42).

Manual adjuster	Stroke actuator	Control path valve A→AB	Bypass valve B → AB
Turning in clockwise direction	Actuator's stem extends	Opening	Closing
Turning in counter- clockwise direction	Actuator's stem retracts	Closing	Opening

Notes

- If the actuator is forced to travel beyond its end positions, overload protection responds.
- Observe information given in chapter 4.2.1 Positioning signal and flow characteristic selection, page 31.

Electrically

Before making the function check, the following preconditions must be satisfied:

- "Environmental conditions" specified in chapter "Technical data" (page 45).
- Actuator is mechanically connected to a Siemens valve.
- ◮
- Actuator is in "Automatic" mode (page 42).
- Actuator and, if required, accessories are correctly fitted and connected. Also refer to chapter
- •
- Connection terminals" (page 48) .
- Power is applied.

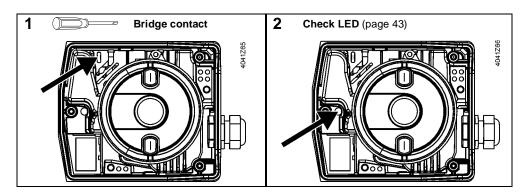
SA..61..

Calibration is required with modulating actuators and SA..61.. before the function check.

General notes on calibration

Before making the calibration, the following preconditions must be satisfied:

- A description of the calibration function is given in chapter 4.2.3 Calibration (page 32).
- Housing cover is removed (see "Special notes on mounting", page 16).



If required, calibration can be repeated any number of times.

Make the function check for modulating actuators after the calibration with a point test according to the following table:

	Stroke	actuator	Control path	Bypass	Position feedback U	
Connection terminals	log ²⁾	lin ²⁾	valve A→AB	valveur B → AB	log ²⁾	lin ²⁾
Y 6 V 13.6 mA	Actuator's stem extends (30%)	Actuator's stem extends (60%)	Opening	Closing	2.95 V	6 V
Y 5 V 12 mA	Actuator's stem extends (23%)	Antriebsstössel fährt ein (50%)	Closing	Opening	2.3 V	5 V
Z connected G	Actuator's stem ex	rtends	Opening	Closing	10 V	10 V
Z connected to G0	Actuator's stem re	tracts	Closing	Opening	0 V	0 V
Only SAS61.33, SAS61.33U, SAS61.53, SAT61.51 No voltage at G and G0 (fail safe function triggers) 1)	Actuator's stem retracts (until the end position is reached)		Schliesst	Öffnet	-	-

¹⁾ Closing action is always completed first, also when power returns.

SA..31.. and SA..81..

Make the function check for 3-position actuators according to the following table:

Connection terminals	Stroke actuator	Control path valve	Bypass valve
----------------------	-----------------	--------------------	--------------

²⁾ SAS61.. Factory setting **log**; SAT61.. factory setting **lin**

		A→AB	B → AB
Voltage at Y1	Actuator's stem extends	Opening	Closing
Voltage at Y2	Actuator's stem retracts	Closing	Opening
No voltage at Y1 and Y2	Actuator's stem maintains the position	Maintains the position	
Only SAS31.50, SAS31.53, SAS81.33, SAS81.33U, SAT31.51 No voltage at G and G0 (fail safe function) 1)	Actuator's stem retracts (until end position is reached)	Closing	Opening

¹⁾ Closing action is always completed first, also when power returns.

Note

Observe information given in chapter 4.2.1 Positioning signal and flow characteristic selection, page 31.

Auxiliary switch ASC10.51



Make the function check of the mounted auxiliary switch with a point test according to the following table – example switching point at 25% position:

Connection terminals		Stroke actuator	Terminal S1 – S3	Terminal S1 – S2
Voltage at Y2	Y = 0 V	Actuator's stem retracts (until end position is reached)	-	-
No voltage at Y1 und Y2	Y = 0 V	Actuator's stem maintains the position		—
Voltage at Y1 for desired valve position % + 2% x positioning time Example: SAS31.00 = 27 % x 120 sec = 32.5 sec	Valve position % + 2% Y = 2.7 V	Actuator's stem extends to desired position (27%)	—	
Check switching point voltmeter	t with	Actuator's stem maintains the position	-	-

3.2.2 Commissioning Modbus RTU

The devices were developed specifically for use with Climatix push-button configuration as described in document CE1A3975 ¹⁾.

As an alternative, the bus can be configured via the local HMI; see Section **User interface**, pg. 24.

Check the following during commissioning:

- Bus configuration (address, baud rate, type of transmission and optional termination). Standard address 255 allows for installation and commissioning of several actuators simultaneously without mutual interference.
- The actuator parameters (direction for opening, position limits, position adjustment etc.) can be read via the Modbus register.

Full or partial configuration via bus

The actuators can be configured via bus connection if the settings prior to commissioning allow for a connection to the Modbus master/programming tool (no address conflicts and correct baud rates/transmission format settings).

- Full configuration via bus: With a unique Modbus address, a connection can be established from Modbus master/programming tool following startup by means of the preset transmission format and baud rate (or auto-baud).
- Partial configuration via bus: If the Modbus address is not unique, it must first be set to a unique value, either by using the address input with push button (cf. page 25) or by setting the address to 246 with push button press

23 / 60

¹⁾ Documents can be downloaded at http://www.siemens.com/bt/download

> 5s und < 10s (cf. page 24). Full configuration via bus: With a unique Modbus address, a connection can be established from Modbus master/programming tool following startup by means of the preset transmission format and baud rate (or auto-baud)..

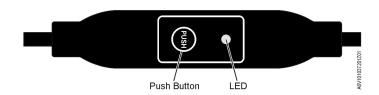
With an existing connection, the bus and actuator parameters can be set to target values via the bus. During write access to the bus parameters,

"1 = Load" must be written to register 768 within 30 seconds to ensure the changes are not discarded.

Example: The table shows the register values before and after the change via bus access.

Reg.	Name	Before change	After change
764	Modbus address	246	12
765	Baud rate	0 = auto	1 = 9600
766	Transmission format	0 = 1-8-E-1	3 = 1-8-N-2
767	Bus termination	0 = Off	0 = Off
768	Bus conf. command	0 = Ready	1 = Load

User interface



Pushbutton operation

Action	Pushbutton operation	Feedback message
Current Modbus address (starting from lowest address position) Switches bus termination On/Off	Button pressure < 1s	1st digit: red 2nd digit: green 3rd digit: orange The LED blinks blue once after address indication and when bus termination is On Example: 124 = 4x red, 2x green, 1x orange
Switches bus termination On/On		
Switch-on	1. Press button 3x	Blinking or flickering of LED stops (termination mode)
	2. Press button 1x briefly	Blue LED blinks once
	3. Press button until the LED turns red	RED LED is lit (confirmation)
	4. Release button	LED not lit
		Address is indicated LED blinks blue once following address indication Device enters normal mode
		Device enters normal mode
Switch-off	1. Press button 3x	Blinking or flickering of LED stops (termination mode)
	Press button until the LED turns red	RED LED is lit (confirmation)
	3. Release button	Device enters normal mode
Enter Modbus address using pushbutton	Press button > 1s and < 5s	See "Enter address using pushbutton", page 25
Enable pushbutton addressing (together with Climatix TM controllers)	1.Press button > 5s and < 10s 2.Release button	Red LED is lit and goes off after 5 s Orange LED is lit
Reset to factory settings	Press button > 10s	Orange LED blinking

LED Farben und Blinkmuster

Color	Blinking pattern	Description
Green	1s On / 5s Off	Normal mode without bus traffic
	Flickering	Normal mode with bus traffic
Orange / green	1s orange / 1s green	Device is in override control mode
Orange	1s On / 1s Off	Bus parameter not yet configured
	1s On / 5s Off	Device is in backup mode (replacement mode)
Red	Permanently lit	Mechanical error, device blocked, manual intervention or calibration
	1s On / 5s Off	Internal error
	0.1s On / 1s Off	Invalid configuration, e.g. Min = Max
Blue	Flickering once after address indication	Bus termination active

Reset actuator with pushbutton

- 1. Press button >10s → LED blinking orange
- 2. Release button while blinking → LED blinking for another 3s
- 3. Reset is interrupted if the pushbutton is pressed during the 3s
- 4. After 3s, → LED is lit **red** (reset) while the device restarts.

Enter address using pushbutton

The Modbus address can be set without extra tool by means of pushbutton addressing.

To display the current Modbus address, press the button <1s.

Enter new address (starting from the lowest address position)



Enter new address (starting from lowest address position)

- 1. **Enable addressing mode**: Press button > 1s until the LED is **red**, then release button (before LED goes off).
- 2. **Enter the numbers**: Push button n-times → LED blinks each time the button is pressed as a feedback.

Colors: 1st digit: red / 2nd digit: green / 3rd digit: orange

- 3. **Save digits:** Press button until LED is lit in the color of the next digit, then release the button.
- 4. **Save address**: Press button until LED is **red** (confirmation) →, then release button.

An address can be saved any time, i.e., after entering the 1st digit or after entering the1st digit and 2nd digit.

5. The entered address is displayed again 1x for confirmation.

Note: Address entry is interrupted when the button is released before the LED is red, address entry is interrupted.

Set address "124":

- 1. Enable addressing mode
- 2. Enter the 1st digit: Press button 4x → LED blinks red each time the button is pressed
- 3. Save 1st digit: Press button until LED is green release button
- 4. Enter the 2nd digit: Press button 2x → LED blinks green each time the button is pressed
- 5. Save 2nd digit: Press button until LED is orange release button
- 6. Enter the 3rd digit: Press button 1x → LED blinks orange each time the button is pressed
- 7. Save address: Press button until LED is **red** release button
 - → The address is saved and displayed 1x for confirmation

Set address "50":

- 1. Enable addressing mode
- 2. Skip over 1st digit: Press button until LED is green release button
- 3. Enter the 2nd digit: Press button 5x → LED blinks green each time the button is pressed
- 4. Save address (skip 3rd digit): Press button until LED is red − release button

 → The address is saved and displayed 1x for confirmation

Set address "5":

- 1. Enable addressing mode
- 2. Enter the 1st digit: Press button 5x → LED blinks red each time the button is pressed

Save address: Press button until LED is red – release button

→ The address is saved and displayed 1x for confirmation

3.2.3 Maintenance

The actuators are maintenance-free.

Mounting:

- Do not touch the valve coupling if the components (valve/pipes) are hot
- If necessary, disconnect electrical connections from the terminals

The actuator must be correctly fitted to the valve before recommissioning.

3.2.4 Disposal



WARNING

Tensioned return spring

Opening the actuator housing can release the tensioned return spring resulting in flying parts that may cause injury.

Do not open the actuator body.



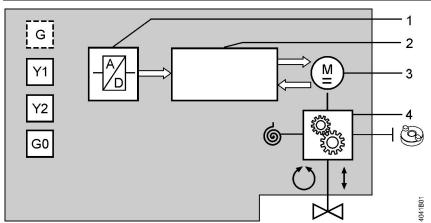
The device is considered electrical and electronic equipment for disposal in terms of the applicable European Directive and may not be disposed of as domestic garbage.

- Dispose of the device through channels provided for this purpose.
- Comply with all local and currently applicable laws and regulations.

27 / 60

4 Functions and control

4.1 3-position control



Example: brushless DC motor with fail safe function

A 3-position signal drives the actuator via connection terminals Y1 or Y2. The required position is transferred to the valve.

1	A/D conversion			
		Identification of seat		
	Control	Control of direction		
2	functions	Motor control		
		Manual adjustment		
3	Brushless DC	motor		
4	Gear train			
9	Fail safe function			
9	Manual adjuste	Manual adjuster		

Positioning signal	Stroke actuator	Control path valve A→AB	Bypass valve B → AB
Voltage at Y1	Actuator's stem extends	Opening	Closing
Voltage at Y2	Actuator's stem retracts	Closing	Opening
Voltage at Y1 and Y2	Actuator's stem maintains the position	Maintains the position	
No voltage at Y1 and Y2	Actuator's stem maintains the position	Maintains the position	
No voltage at Y1 and Y2; with fail safe function	Actuator's stem retracts	Closing	Opening

Observe information given in chapter 4.2.1 Positioning signal and flow characteristic selection on page 31.

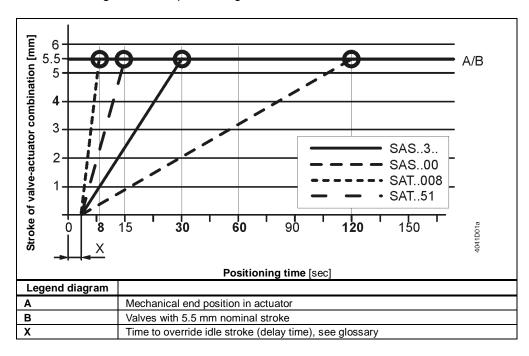
Internal control ensures very constant positioning times and determination of the actuator's position.

Note

Positioning times stroke model

The specified positioning times refer to the respective nominal stroke. Since the end positions of rotary actuators are inside the actuator, the following remarks refer to stroke actuators.

The resulting effective strokes vary, depending on the type of valve, resulting in shorter or longer actuator positioning times.

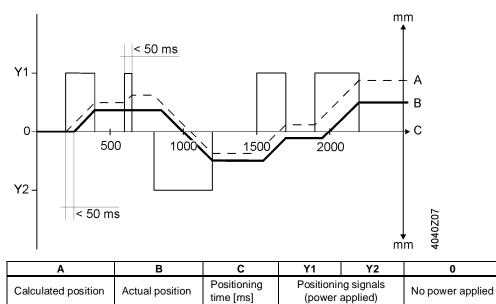


Notes

Deviations occur

- after several positioning signals Y1 and Y2 in the same direction since the stroke movement starts with a delay of 50 ms (SAT31.., SAS31.53, SAS81.33) or 300 ms (SAS31../81..).
- when positioning signals Y1 and Y2 are active for less than 50 ms or 300 ms since the stroke movement cannot be made in that case

Example of an actual position deviation on the **SAT31.008** at a 50 ms delay.



4.1.1 Combination with RVD.. controllers for direct domestic hot water distribution by heat exchanger

Notes

The design based slow reaction on control signals of SAS31.., SAS81.. and SAT31.. actuators doesn't allow the actuator to react on very short control pulses. Only control pulses of a sufficient length (ca. >50 ms for SAS31.53, SAS81.33 and SAT31..; ca. >300 ms for the remaining SAS31.. and SAS81.. types), allow for a sufficient reaction.

Especially the direct domestic hot water control does not allow such long control pulses.

The specific optimized control loops – e.g. equipped with an SIGMAGYR RVD.. controller and SQS359.05 actuator $^{1)}$ – work with pulses down to 40 ms.

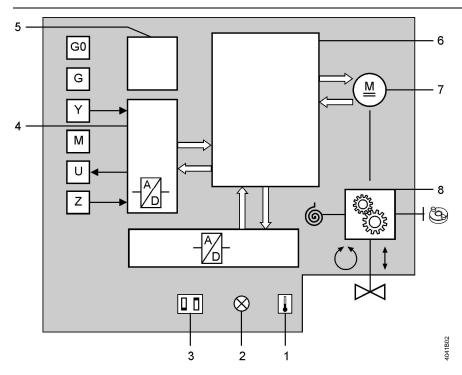
Some of the actuators mentioned above are not able to work with these short pulses.

The following table shows which actuators can be used for those special applications.

Controller	Plant type	Preferred actuator	Valve line	DN	k _{vs}
RVD130 ¹⁾		SQS35.53 ¹⁾ SAS31.53	VVG44	DN 1540	0.2525
RVD1357109 ¹⁾ RVD135/309 ¹⁾ RVD140 4 RVD144/109 RVD145/109 RVD139 ¹⁾	4 und 5	SQS259.53 ¹⁾ SAT31.008 SQS259.43 ¹⁾ SAT31.51	VVG549	DN 1525	0.256,3
		SKD32.21	VVG41 VVF53	DN 1550	0.6340 0.1640
RVD230 ¹⁾ RVD235/109 ¹⁾	4	SQS35.53 ¹⁾ SAS31.53	VVG44	DN 1540	0.2525
RVD250 RVD255/109 RVD240 ¹⁾ RVD245/109 ¹⁾		SQS259.53 ¹⁾ SAT31.008 SQS259.43 ¹⁾ SAT31.51	VVG549	DN 1525	0.256,3
RVD260 RVD265/109		SKD32.21	VVG41 VVF53	DN 1550	0.6340 0.1640

¹⁾ No longer available.

4.2 Modulating control



The modulating positioning signal drives the actuator steplessly. The positioning signal range (DC 0...10 V / DC 4...20 mA / 0...1000 Ω) corresponds in a linear manner to the positioning range (fully closed...fully open, or 0...100 % stroke).

The actuator is controlled via terminal Y or forced control Z (page 35). The desired stroke is transferred to the valve stem.

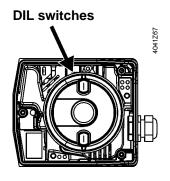
1	Calibration slot		
2	LED (2 col	ors)	
3	DIL switches	Changeover of characteristic Positioning signal	
4	A/D conve		
5	Power sup	ply	
9	Control functions	Identification of seat Position control Motor control Detection of foreign bodies Calibration Forced control Characteristics function Manual adjustment	
7	Brushless	DC motor	
8	Gear train		
® -	Fail safe function		
6	Manual ad	juster	

Positioning signal	Stroke actuator	Control path valve A→AB	Bypass valve B → AB
Signal Y, Z increasing	Actuator's stem extends	Opening	Closing
Signal Y, Z decreasing	Actuator's stem retracts	Closing	Opening
Signal Y, Z constant	Actuator's stem maintains the position	Maintains the position	
No voltage at Y1 and Y2; with fail safe function	Actuator's stem retracts	Closing	Opening

Observe the information given in chapter 4.2.1 Positioning signal and flow characteristic selection on page 31.

Note

4.2.1 Positioning signal and flow characteristic selection



Note

	Positioning signal "Y"	Position feedback "U"	Flow charact	eristic
ON	ON DC 420 mA	DC 010 V	ON lin = 1 linear	ỷ 897
OFF	12		linear 1 2 linear	ý , 100 V 10
ON	ON (5) DC 010 V	DC 010 V	ON log =	V ₀ 10 V Y, Z 4 20 mA 0 1000 Ω
OFF	1 2 DC 010 V		equal-	

¹⁾ Factory setting: All DIL switches set to OFF

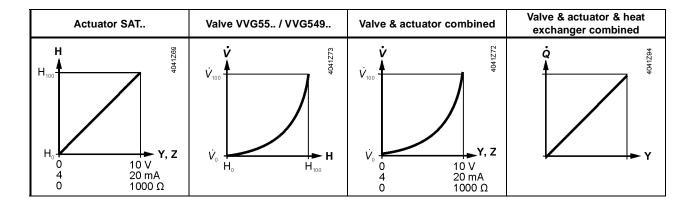
Factory setting SAS..:

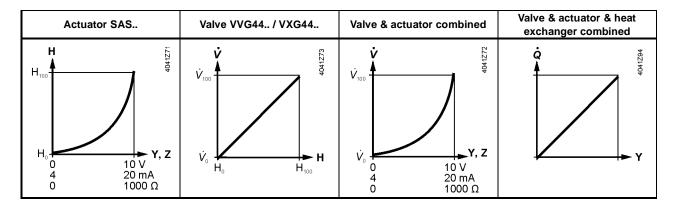
- Characteristic curve : log = Equal percentage (switch at "OFF")
- Positioning signal: DC 0...10 V (switch at "OFF")

Factory setting SAT..:

- Characteristic curve: lin = linear (switch at "ON")
- Positioning signal: DC 0...10 V (switch at "OFF")

Flow characteristic

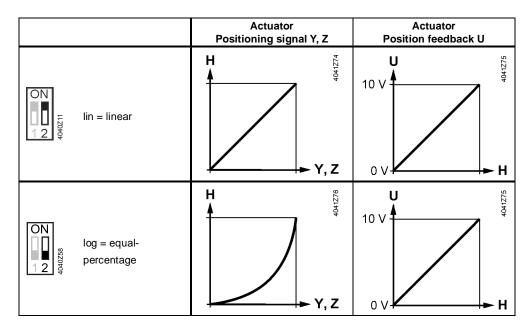


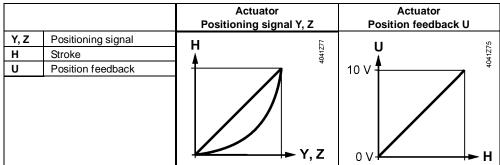


- Y, Z Positioning signal
- H Stroke
- V' Volumetric flow
- Q: Heat transfer capacity

4.2.2 Position feedback U

The position feedback U (DC 0...10 V) is always proportional to stroke H of the actuator's stem.



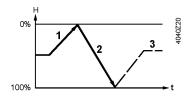


4.2.3 Calibration

To match the actuator to production-related mechanical tolerances of the individual valves and to guarantee accurate positioning and position feedback, a calibration should be performed when the plant is commissioned (page 21). During commissioning, the actuator detects the valve's end positions and files the exact stroke in its internal memory.

Calibration takes place in the following phases:

- Actuator drives to the upper end position (1), valve closes. Detection of upper end position.
- Actuator drives to the lower end position (2), valve opens. Detection of lower end position.
- The detected values are stored (3). Then the actuator follows the positioning signal.



Note

Observe status indication (LED) during and after calibration (page 43).

4.2.4 Signal priorities

The actuators are controlled via different interlinked positioning signal paths (positioning signal "Y", forced control input "Z", manual adjuster). The signal paths are assigned the following priorities (1 = highest priority, 4 = lowest priority):

Actuator without fail safe function

Priority	Description	
1	The manual adjuster always has priority 1, thus overriding all signals active at "Z" or "Y", independent of whether or not power is applied.	9
2	Only SA61: As soon as a valid positioning signal is active at input "Z", the position is determined via positioning signal "Z" (forced control). Prerequisite: The manual adjuster is not used.	z
3	The position is determined via positioning signal "Y" at Y, Y1 or Y2. The manual adjuster is not used and on "Z" there is no active signal.	Υ

Examples

Manual adjuster	Forced control (Z)	Positioning signal (Y)	Stroke actuator	Rotary actuator
Automatic mode	Not connected	5 V	Actuator's stem travels to position (50%)	Actuator's spindle travels to position (50%)
Automatic mode	G	3 V	Actuator's stem extends	Actuator's spindle turns in clockwise direction
Automatic mode	G0	3 V	Actuator's stem retracts	Actuator's spindle turns in counterclockwise direction
Operated (30%) and engaged	G	8 V	Actuator's stem extends manual (to 30%)	Actuator's spindle turns manually in counterclockwise direction (to 30%)

Bold printing = positioning signal currently active

Actuator with fail safe function

Priority	Description				
1	The fail safe function responds in the event of a power failure.	6			
2	The position is solely determined via positioning signal "Z" (forced control), provided power is applied.				
3	The position is determined by positioning signal Y, provided power is applied and positioning signal "Z" is not used.	Y			
4	Upon actuation and slightly turning in counterclockwise direction, the manual adjuster remains engaged. Power applied: After 5 seconds, the manual adjuster disengages itself and positioning signal "Y" or "Z" determines the position. No power applied: The actuator maintains the position defined by the manual adjuster until power returns. Upon restoration of power, an automatic ClosedPosition-Synchronisation will be performed.	9			

Examples

Operating voltage (G/G0)	Manual adjuster	Forced control (Z)	Positioning signal (Y)	Stroke actuator
Applied	Automatic mode	Not connected	5 V	Actuator's stem travels to position (50%)
Applied	Automatic mode	G	3 V	Actuator's stem extends
Applied	Automatic mode	G0	3 V	Actuator's stem retracts
Interrupted (fail safe function)	Automatic mode	G	6 V	Actuator's stem retracts (until end position is reached)
Interrupted (fail safe function)	Operated (30%)and engaged	G	8 V	Actuator's stem retracts (until end position is reached), then: Actuator's stem extends manually (to 30%)

Bold printing = positioning signal currently active

4.2.5 Detection of valve seat

SAS..

The actuators feature force-dependent valve seat detection. After calibration, the exact valve stroke is filed in the actuator's memory.

If no force is built up in the calculated end position (e.g. in the event of temperature effects for instance), the actuator continues to operate at a reduced positioning speed until the nominal positioning force is restored. This ensures that the valve always fully closes.

After a power failure, valve seat identification is not active – the actuators without fail safe function define their stroke position on power resoration to be at 50%. From now on, the actuator follows the positioning signal.

When the valve plug reaches its seat for the first time, the actuator readjusts its stroke model.

Example

The supposed position is 50%, Y = 2 V, the actuator travels 30% of the stored valve stroke in the direction of "Actuator's stem retracted".

If the actuator reaches the seat within this 30% travel, it interprets the position as "Valve fully closed" and shifts the position of the valve's stroke accordingly without changing the extent of travel.

From now on, the actuator follows the changed valve stroke position.

This means: New position 0%, Y = 2 V, actuator travels 20% of the stored valve stroke in the direction "Actuator's stem extended".

4.2.6 Detection of foreign bodies

The actuator detects when the valve is clogged and adjusts its operational behavior accordingly to prevent damage to itself or the valve.

If the actuator hits an obstacle within the calibrated stroke and is not able to overcome it with its nominal positioning force, it stores the position at which the obstacle was hit. Depending on the direction of travel, as ...

"Upper limit of valve clogging", if the clogging was detected when traveling in the direction of "Actuator's stem extending".

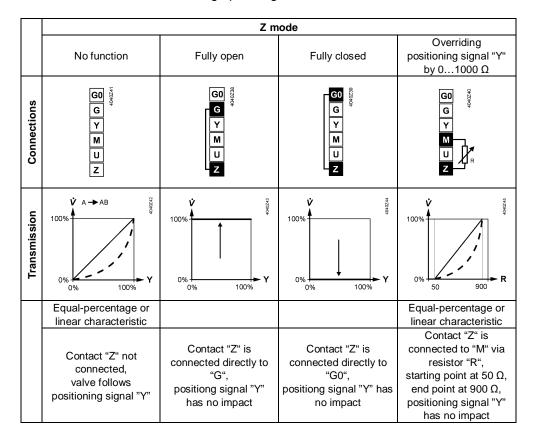


Now, the status LED blinks red and the actuator only follows the positioning signal between the positions "Actuator's stem retracted" and "Lower limit of valve clogging".

After detection of clogging, 3 attempts are made to overcome clogging by traveling about 15% in the opposite direction and then trying again to overcome the position of clogging. If the attempts made are unsuccessful, the actuator continues to follow the positioning signal within the restricted range only and the LED continues to blink red (see "Status indication" page 43).

4.2.7 Forced control Z

Forced control uses the following operating modes:



4.3 Communicating actuators Modbus RTU

4.3.1 Detection of valve seat

The actuators feature force-dependent valve seat detection. After calibration, the exact valve stroke is filed in the actuator's memory.

If no force is built up in the calculated end position (e.g. in the event of temperature effects for instance), the actuator continues to operate at a reduced positioning speed until the nominal positioning force is restored. This ensures that the valve always fully closes.

After a power failure, valve seat identification is not active – the actuators without fail safe function define their stroke position upon return of power at 50%. And sets its internal setpoint in register 1 to 0%. The actuator closes at this setting. There is a short-term deviation between the setpoint and the internal stroke position that results in an error message in register 769 "Mechanical error, device blocked". The error message disappears after just a few seconds.

When the valve plug reaches its seat for the first time, the actuator readjusts its stroke mode.

Setpoint prior to power outage 35%, no manual adjustment during the power outage. Internal stroke position value after return of power 50%. Internal setpoint after return of power 0%. There is an error message for a brief time prior to the actuator moving since the setpoint of 0% is not equal to the position feedback of

Example

SAS..

50%. The error message disappears as soon as the actuator moves. The actuator moves 35% in the direction of "Retract actuator stem" and reaches the valve seat. The internal stroke position is set to 0%.

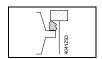
The actuator now follows the changed valve stroke position effective immediately.

4.3.2 Detection of foreign bodies

The actuator detects when the valve is clogged and adjusts its operational behavior accordingly to prevent damage to itself or the valve.

If the actuator hits an obstacle within the calibrated stroke and is not able to overcome it with its nominal positioning force, it stores the position at which the obstacle was hit

As "Upper limit of valve clogging", if the clogging was detected when traveling in the direction of "Actuator's stem extending".



Now, the status LED blinks red and the actuator only follows the positioning signal between the positions "Actuator's stem retracted" and "High limit of valve clogging". After detection of clogging, 3 attempts are made to overcome clogging by traveling about 15% in the opposite direction and then trying again to overcome the position of clogging. If the attempts made are unsuccessful, the actuator continues to follow the positioning signal within the restricted range only and the LED continues to blink red (see "Indicators", page 43).

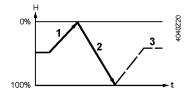
As long as the external setpoint is greater than the position of the high limit valve clogging, the deviation between the setpoint and position feedback in register 769 is displayed with the warning "Mechanical error, device blocked, manual intervention or calibration." The LED on the cable adapter is red. The warning is reset if the external setpoint drops below the high limit valve clogging, since the setpoint and stroke position are once again the same. The LED on the cable adapter switches to green blinking (=communication).

4.3.3 Calibration

To match the actuator to production-related mechanical tolerances of the individual valves and to guarantee accurate positioning and position feedback, a calibration should be performed when the plant is commissioned (page 21). During commissioning, the actuator detects the valve's end positions and files the exact stroke in its internal memory.

Calibration takes place in the following phases:

- Actuator drives to the upper end position (1), valve closes. Detection of upper end position.
- Actuator drives to the lower end position (2), valve opens. Detection of lower end position.
- The detected values are stored (3). Then the actuator follows the positioning signal.



The internal position feedback is set to 0% during calibration. For a setpoint > 0%, the actuator detects calibration based on the deviation between setpoint and stroke position and reports this in Register 769 with the warning "Mechanical error, device blocked, manual intervention or calibration". The LED on the actuator cover blinks green, the LED on the cable adapter is red.

After calibration is completed, the actuator follows the external setpoint, the warning is reset, the LED on the cover changes to continuous green and the cable adapter blinks green (communication active).

Note

Observe status indication (LED) during and after calibration (page 43).

4.3.4 Manual adjustment

The actuator's internal stroke position measurement is inactive during manual adjustment.

The position feedback changes to 0% once the manual adjuster is pressed and remains on the value during manual adjustment. The actuator detects manual action based on the deviation between the setpoint and the stroke position and reports in register 769 with the warning "Mechanical error, device blocked, manual intervention or calibration". The LED on the actuator cover blinks green, the LED on the cable adapter is red.

Upon return to automatic mode, the actuator synchronizes to stroke position 0%. After the synchronization, the actuator follows the pending setpoint, the LED on the cover changes to continuous green and, on the cable adapter, blinking green (communication active). The warning in register 769 is reset.

4.3.5 Parameters and function description

Reg.	Name	R/W	Unit	Scaling	Range / listing
Proces	s values	<u>.</u>			
1	Setpoint	RW	%	0.01	0100
2	Forced control	RW			0 = Off / 1 = Open / 2 = Close
					3 = Stop / 4 = Min / 5 = Max
3	Actual value position	R	%	0.01	0100
256	Command	RW			0 = Ready / 1 = Adaption / 2 = Self test 3 = Reinitialize / 4 = Remote reset

Param	eters				
259	Op mode	RW			1 = POS
260	MinPosition	RW	%	0.01	0100
261	MaxPosition	RW	%	0.01	0100
262	Actuator runtime	R	s	1	30
263	Positioning signal characteristic between Y and U	RW			0 = Linear (e.g. SAX61/MO + V_G41) 1 = Logarithmic (e.g. SAS61/MO + V_G44)
264	Tolerance blockade monitoring	RW	%	0.01	010
513	Backup mode	RW			0 = Move to backup position 1 = Maintain last position / 2 = Disable
514	Backup position	RW	%	0.01	0100
515	Backup timeout	RW	s	1	065535
516	Startup setpoint	RW	%	0.01	0100
764	Modbus address	RW			1247 / 255 = "unassigned"
765	Baud rate	RW			0 = auto / 1 = 9600 / 2 = 19200 3 = 38400 4 = 57600 / 5 = 76800 / 6 = 115200
766	Transmission format	RW			0 = 1-8-E-1 / 1 = 1-8-O-1 / 2 = 1-8-N-1 / 3 = 1-8-N-2
767	Bus termination	RW			0 = Off / 1 = On
768	Bus config.	RW			0 = Ready / 1 = Load / 2 = Reject
769	Status	R			See Section, Register 769 "Status"

Reg.	Name	R/W	Value	Example					
Device	information			ı					
1281	Factory Index	R	Two bytes, each coding an ASCII char.	00 5A → 00 "Z" Device is of Series "Z"					
1282	Factory Date HWord	R	Two bytes, the lower coding the Year (hex)	Read 12 Read 12					
1283	Factory Date LWord	R	High byte: coding the		HWo	rd	LWor	rd	
			month (hex) Low byte: coding the			YY	ММ	DD	
			day (hex)	Hex	00	0F	04	18	
				Dec	00	15	04	24	
				→ Device was manufactured 24 April, 2015			tured	_	
1284	Factory SeqNo HWord	R	Hword + LWord =	Read 1284 → 000A					
1285	Factory SeqNo LWord	R	HEX-representation of Sequence number:	Read 1285 → A206 AA206(hex) → 696838 (dec) → Device has sequence number 696838					
1409	ASN [Char_1615]	R	Each register: Two	Example					
1410	ASN [Char_1413]	R	bytes, each coding an ASCII char.						
1411	ASN [Char_1211]	R	ASN is coded	0x42 31 = B1 0x38 31 = 81					
1412	ASN [Char_109]	R	beginning with reg.	0x2E 31					
1413	ASN [Char_87]	R	1409	0x45 2F	= E/				
1414	ASN [Char_65]	R		0x4D 4F= MO → ASN is GDB181.1E/MO					
1415	ASN [Char_43]	R		D					
1416	ASN [Char_21]	R		Reserve					

Register 769 "Status"

,	Status			
	Bit 00	1 = Reserved	Bit 06	1 = Adaption conducted
	Bit 01	1 = Backup mode active	Bit 07	1 = Adaption running
	Bit 02	1 = Reserved	Bit 08	1 = Adaption error
	Bit 03	1 = Reserved	Bit 09	1 = Self test failed
	Bit 04	1 = Mechanical error, device blocked, manual intervention or calibration	Bit 10	1 = Self test successful
	Bit 05	1 = Life cycle reached	Bit 11	1 = Invalid configuration

Supported function codes

Function codes				
03 (0x03) Read Holding Registers				
04 (0x04)	Read Input Registers			
06 (0x06)	Write Single Register			
16 (0x10) Write Multiple Registers (Limitation: Max. 120 registers on one write access)				

Function	Reg.	Description
Override control	2	 The actuator can be operated in override control for commissioning / maintenance purposes or system-wide functions (e.g. night-cooling). Manual override: When the gear disengagement is used to freely adjust the damper position, a mechanical jam will be detected if a mismatch between setpoint and actual position persists for more than 10s. Remote override: The actuator enters this state when an override command is sent over the bus. Available commands: Open / Close (depends on opening direction)

	1					
		o Min / Max (depends on Min/Max settings)				
		o Stop				
Backup 513,		• In case the communication to the controller is lost, the device can be				
mode	514, 515	configured to go into a defined state.				
		Default setting mode is "keep last setpoint", i.e. in case of communication				
		loss, the device controls to the last received setpoint.				
		If the backup mode is enabled, it can be configured as follows:				
		o go to a predefined backup position				
		o keep current position				
Restarting	256	Restarting is possible by:				
the device		Power-reset (turning operating voltage off and on) or				
		by "ReInitDevice" command.				
		→ Device re-initializes and sets all process values to defaults.				
Reset		The actuator supports the following re-initialization / reset behaviour:				
		Local reset by push-button				
		Remote reset: Using "RemoteFactoryReset" command.				
		Effect of reset:				
		Process values: set to ex-works default values.				
		Parameters:				
		 Application and actuator parameters are set to factory defaults, 				
		Network parameters are reset only in case of local reset, not by remote				
		reset (otherwise loss of communication).				
		Not reset are: Counters, status flags, device info, and factory data.				
Self test	256	When triggered, the self test drives the actuator to the detected limits and sets				
		the flags in register 769 according to the result (bit $09 = 1 \rightarrow$ "failed" or bit $10 = 1$				
		→ "passed").				
		The self test is not passed when the limits were not reached from the lower				
		end (results in jam). If the Min/Max limits can be exceeded, the self test is not				
		evaluated as failed.				

Communication properties

Communication					
Communications protocol	Modbus RTU	RS-485, not galvanically separated			
	Number of nodes	Max. 32			
	Address range	1247 / 255			
		Factory settings: 255			
	Transmission formats	1-8-E-1 / 1-8-O-1 / 1-8-N-1 / 1-8-N-2			
		Factory settings: 1-8-E-1			
	Baud rates (kBaud)	Auto / 9,6 / 19,2 / 38,4 / 57,6 / 76,8 / 115,2			
		Factory settings: Auto			
	Bus termination	120 Ω electronically switchable			
		Factory settings: Off			

4.4 Technical and mechanical design

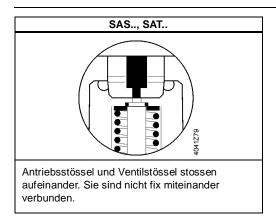
4.4.1 Transmission of power

Function principle

Incoming positioning signals are translated to positioning commands for the motor.

A gear train transmits the motor's positioning steps to the output stage. Here, the translation from rotary to stroke movement takes place. Attached to the gear train are the electrical and mechanical accessory items and the manual adjuster. With the stroke actuators with fail safe function, the gear train also accommodates the return spring.

4.4.2 Kopplung



4.4.3 Fail safe function

The fail safe function works mechanically with a return spring and ensures the protection of the plant. It guarantees the safe operation in uncontrolled operating states.

In the event of a power failure, the actuator will return to its 0 % stroke position with the help of the return spring, closing the valve. The Y positioning signal is not valued.

Fail safe function	Actuator	Valve		Spring return time	At positioning time
Active	Actuator's stem retracts	Spring in valve closes	Valve closes	<8 s ¹⁾ <14 s ¹⁾ <28 s ¹⁾	15 s 30 s 120 s

¹⁾ Spring return time increased slightly at low temperatures

4.4.4 Manual adjuster

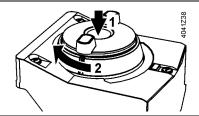
Automatic

Without fail safe function With fail safe function (SA..33..)

Manual operation

When the motor drives the manual adjuster turns. Thus in automatic mode, the manual adjuster is used for indication of travel. If the manual adjuster is held firm in this mode, there is no transmission of power to the gear train.





When pushing the manual adjuster down (1), it engages and the actuator can be manually operated.

Stroke actuator: When turning the manual adjuster in clockwise / counterclockwise direction (2), the actuator's stem extends / retracts.

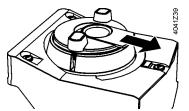
Rotary actuator: The actuator spindle turns in the same direction

When turning the manual adjuster in clockwise direction (2), the actuator's stem extends.

CAUTION: Turning the manual adjuster in counterclockwise direction is not possible.

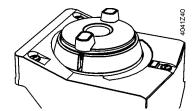
Fixing the position

An overload protection prevents damage to the manual adjuster.



Upon actuation and locking the slide switch, the manual adjuster remains engaged.

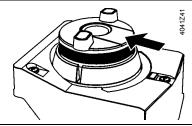
When in this mode, do not turn the manual adjuster (manual adjuster locked).



After pushing and slightly turning the manual adjuster in counterclockwise direction, it remains engaged, provided no power is applied.

If power is applied, refer to "Disengaging the fixing".

Disengaging the fixing



When resetting the slide switch, the manual adjuster returns to automatic mode.

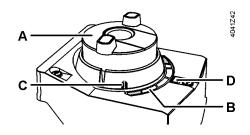


Coupling disengages automatically...

- after 5 seconds if power is applied,
- when power returns; a restart is made (actuator's stem retracts), then, the actuator follows the active positioning signal.

Coupling is disengaged **manually** by slightly turning the manual adjuster in clockwise direction.

4.4.5 Indicators



Α	Indication of travel				
В	Scale				
С	Indicator	Position indication			
D	LED Status indication				

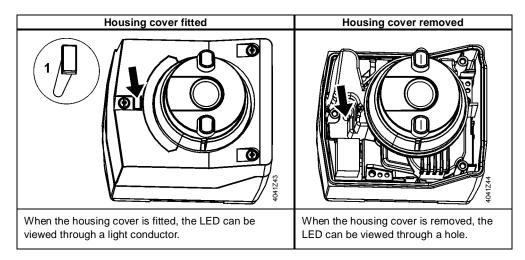
Operational status indication

In Automatic mode, the manual adjuster serves for the indication of travel. See "Automatic" (page 42).

Position indication

When turning the manual adjuster, the indicator also moves. The scale indicates the stroke. When reaching the stops, the valve is either fully open or fully closed.

Status indication (LED), only with modulating control (only SA..61..)



The status indication informs about the operational state of the actuator.

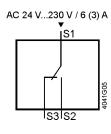
LED	Indication	Operating state	Remarks, troubleshooting		
On		Automatic mode	Normal operation		
Green	Blinking	Calibration	Wait until calibration is finished (then green or red light)		
		In manual mode	Manual adjuster in MAN position		
	On	Calibration error	Start calibration again		
Red	On	Undervoltage (AC 13 V)	Check operating voltage		
Neu	Blinking Clogged valve, detection of foreign bodies		Check valve / actuator		
Dark	Dark No power or electronics faulty		Check operating voltage		

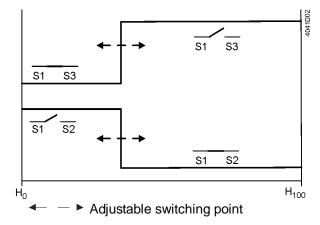
4.4.6 Electrical accessories

Auxiliary switch ASC10.51



The auxiliary switch ASC10.51 switches on or off when a certain position is reached. The switching point can be set between 0...100%.





Switching point for S1–S2 and S1–S3 cannot be set separately. If S1–S2 is open then S1–S3 is closed.

Application example:

When using an auxiliary switch, position feedback can trigger an automatic stop of the circulating pump in the end position "Fully closed".

4.4.7 Mechanical accessories

Weather shield ASK39.2



To protect the actuator from weather effects when used outdoors, the weather shield ASK39.2 must always be fitted. The housing protection IP54 remains unchanged. See also page 14.

Adapter set ASK30



Adapter set for ex-Landis & Gyr valves with 4 mm or 5.5 mm strokes: X3i.., VVG45.., VXG45.., VXG46.., VVI51... See page 19

5 Technical data

			SAS	SAT	
Power supply	Operating voltage	SA31	AC 230 \	/ ± 15 %	
		SA61	AC 24 V ± 20 % / DC or AC 24 V c		
		SA81	AC/DC 24		
	Fraguency		or AC 24 V class 2 (US) 4565 Hz		
	Frequency External supply line p	rotection (FII)			
	External supply line p	notection (EO)	6 A10 A slow or Circuit breaker max. 13 A Characteristic B, C, D according to EN 60898		
			Power source with current limitation of max. 10 A		
	Power consumption a		Stem retracts / extends	Stem retracts / extends	
	SAS31.00	SAT31.008	2.8 / 2.4 VA ¹⁾	5.0 / 2.5 VA ¹⁾	
	SAS31.03	SAT31.51	3.5 / 2.9 VA ¹⁾	5.5 / 3.2 VA ¹⁾	
	SAS31.50	SAT61.008	3.5 / 2.9 VA ¹⁾	7.1 / 4.6 VA ¹⁾	
	SAS31.53	SAT61.51	5.5 / 3.8 VA ¹⁾	6.4 / 4.8 VA ¹⁾	
	SAS61.03		5.3 / 4.5 VA ¹⁾		
	SAS61.03U		5.3 / 4.5 VA ¹⁾		
	SAS61.03/MO		6.0 / 5.2 VA ¹⁾		
	SAS61.33		5.9 / 4.8 VA ¹⁾		
	SAS61.33U		5.9 / 4.8 VA ¹⁾		
	SAS61.53		5.8 / 5.0 VA ¹⁾		
	SAS81.00		2.2 / 2.0 VA ¹⁾		
	SAS81.03		2.5 / 2.1 VA ¹⁾		
	SAS81.03U		2.5 / 2.1 VA ¹⁾		
	SAS81.33		3.4 / 2.4 VA ¹⁾		
	SAS81.33U		3.4 / 2.4 VA ¹⁾		
Function data	Positioning times with stroke	the specified nominal			
	SAS0	SAT008	120 s	8 s	
	SAS3/3U	SAT51	30 s	15 s	
	Positioning force		400 N	300 N	
	Nominal stroke		5.5 mm	5.5 mm	
	Permissible medium to (valve fitted)	temperature	1130 °C	1130 °C	
		briefly		150 °C (up to 150 °C max. 6 of 24 hours)	
Signal inputs	Y positioning signal				
	SAS31	SAT31.008	3-pos	sition	
	SAS81	SAT31.51		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	SAS61 SAT61.008 SAT61.51		DC 010 V / DC 420 mA / 01000 Ω		
	SA61 ([DC 010 V) Current draw	≤ 0.1	mA	
		Input impedance	≥ 10	Ο kΩ	
	SA61 (DC	2 420 mA) Current draw	DC 420	mA ± 1 %	
		Input impedance	≤ 500 Ω		
Communication SAS61/MO	Communications prot	cocol			
		Modbus RTU	RS-485, not galva	•	
		Number of nodes	Max	. 32	
		Address range	Factory settings: 255 1-8-E-1 / 1-8-O-1 / 1-8-N-1 / 1-8-N-2 Factory settings: 1-8-E-1 Auto / 9.6 / 19.2 / 38.4 / 57.6 / 76.8 / 115.2 Factory settings: Auto		
		Transmission formats			
		Baud rates (kBaud)			
		Bus termination			
		Dus terrilliation	120 Ω electronically switchable Factory settings: Off		

			SA	S	SAT
Parallel operation		SA61	≤ 1	10 (depending or	n controler output)
Forced control	Positioning signal Z	SA61		R= 01000	0 Ω, G, G0
		R = 01000 Ω	Stroke proportional to R		
		Z connected to G	Max. stro	ke 100 %	Max. stroke 100 %
		Z connected to G0	Min. stro	oke 0 %	Min. stroke 0 %
		Voltage	Max. AC 2	4 V ± 20 % / Ma	x. DC 24 V + 20 % / -15%
		Current draw		≤ 0.1	mA
Position feedback	U	Voltage range SA61	DC 010 V		
		Load impedance		> 10 kg	Ω res.
		Load		Max.	
Connecting cable	Wire cross-sectional	areas		0.751.5 mm ² ,	AWG 2016 ²⁾
	Cable entries	SA	EU:	1 entry Ø 16.4	mm (for M16)
				1 entry Ø 20.5	` ,
				Thread length r	
		SAU	US:	2 entries Ø 21.	5 mm for ½" tube connection
	SAS61/MO Fi	xed connecting cable	0.9m		
	Ni	umber of wires	5 x 0.75 mm ²		-
Degree of protection	Housing protection			IP 54 as per	· FN 60529
	Insulation class			As per El	
	Actuators SA31	AC 230 V			
	Actuators SA61				
	Actuators SA81	AC / DC 24 V		III	1
Environmental	Operation			IEC 607	· '21-3-3
conditions	Climatic conditions		Class 3K5		
	Mounting location		Indoors, outdoors 3)		
	Temperature gene	ral		-55	
	Humidity (noncond			595 °	% r. h.
	Transport	3/		IEC 607	721-3-2
	Climatic conditions			Class	2K3
	Temperature			-257	70 °C
	Humidity		<95 % r. h.		
	Storage		IEC 60721-3-1		
	Temperature			-155	55 °C
	Humidity		595 % r. h.		
Directives and	Product standard			EN607	730-x
Standards	Electromagnetic com	patibility (Application)	For resident	tial, commercial a	and industrial environments
	EU Conformity (CE)	SAS: CE1T4581xx ⁴⁾			
				SAT: CE1	
	RCM Conformity			SAS: CE1T4	
				SAT: CE1T4	
	UL, cUL	AC / DC 24 V		UL 873 http://ul.	
	EAC compliance				for all SAvariants
Environmental compatibility	The product environmental declaration CE1E4581 ⁴⁾ and A6V101083254 ⁴⁾ contains data on environmentally compatible product design and assessments (RoHS compliance, materials composition, packaging, environmental benefit, disposal).				
Dimensions	,	· ,		See Dimensio	ns (page 53)
Weight	Excl. packaging			See Dimensio	" "
Accessories 5)		10.51 Switching capacity		AC 24230 V, (" " ,
A0003501105	Addition y Switch ASC	Ownering capacity		7.0 2-7200 V, V	- (-) / i, nouting
	Evte	ernal supply line protection		See section p	nower supply
	LXIE	US installation, UL & cUL	۵۲		A general purpose
Data sheet		oo matananon, of a col	N45		N4584
Bala Silect			1140	J-0 1	14-004

Second value: Power consumption in neutral position
 AWG = American wire gauge

Wire cross-sectional areas and fuses have to be well-matching, which is the responsibility of the planner / installer. Observe norm of protection measures - protection against overcurrent: IEC 60364-4-43:2008 resp. german adoption HD 60364-4-43:2010.

⁵⁾ UL recognized component



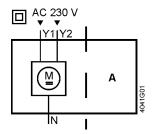
Outdoors always with weather shield ASK39.2, housing protection IP54 remains unchanged SAS61../MO is not suitable for outdoor applications.

4) The documents can be downloaded from http://siemens.com/bt/download

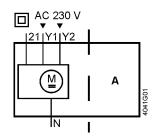
6 Connection diagrams and dimensions

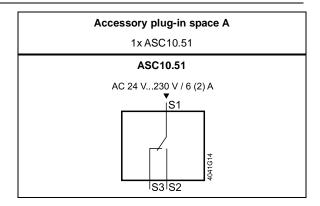
6.1 Internal diagrams

SA..31.0..

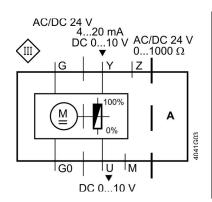


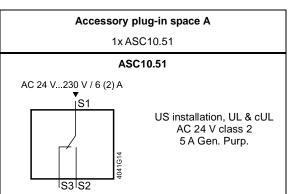
SA..31.5..



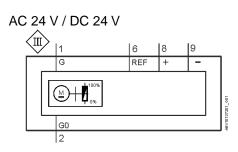


SA..61..



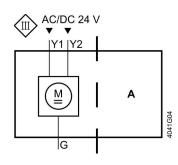


SAS61../MO

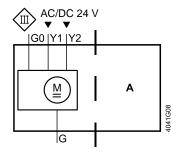


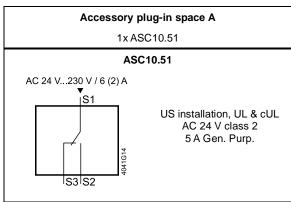
Accessory plug-in space A 1x ASC10.51 ASC10.51 AC 24 V...230 V / 6 (2) A V S1 US Installation, UL & cUL AC 24 V class 2 5 A Gen. Purp.

SAS81.0..

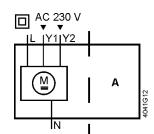


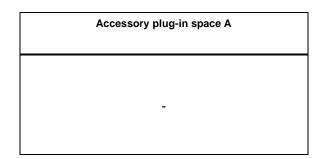
SAS81.33, SAS81.33U





SAT31.008



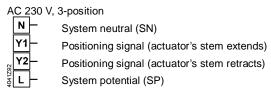


6.2 Connection terminals

6.2.1 Actuators

SA31 (without SAT31.008)	AC 230 V, 3-position N System neutral (SN) Y1 Positioning signal (actuator's stem extends) Y2 Positioning signal (actuator's stem retracts)	
SA31.5	AC 230 V, 3-position N - System neutral (SN) Y1 - Positioning signal (actuator's stem extends) Y2 - Positioning signal (actuator's stem retracts) Fail safe function	
SA61 SAS61/MO	AC/DC 24 V, DC 010 V / 420 mA / 01000 Ω G0 System neutral (SN) G Positioning signal for DC 010 V / 420 mA M Measuring neutral Position feedback DC 010 V Positioning signal forced control AC/DC \leq 24 V, AC/DC 24 V, Modbus RTU connection cable	01000 Ω
	G0 System neutral (SN) G System potential (SP) AC 24 V ~ / DC 24 V = REF Reference (Modbus RTU) + Bus + (Modbus RTU) Bus - (Modbus RTU)	black red violet grey pink
SA81	AC/DC 24 V, 3-position G System potential (SP) Y1 Positioning signal (actuator's stem extends) Y2 Positioning signal (actuator's stem retracts)	
SAS81.33U	AC/DC 24 V, 3-position G System potential (SP) Y1 Positioning signal (actuator's stem extends) Y2 Positioning signal (actuator's stem retracts) G0 System neutral (SN)	

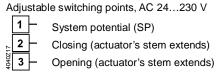
SAT31.008

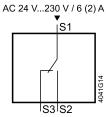


6.2.2 Electrical accessories

Auxiliary switch ASC10.51







6.2.3 Cable labeling

The wires are color coded and labeled.

Connection	Cable				Decemention
Connection	Code	No.	Color	Abbreviation	Description
Actuators AC 230V	N	4	blue	BU	System neutral
	Y1	6	black	BK	Positioning signal
	Y2	7	white	WH	Positioning signal
	L		-		System potential
	21		-		Fail safe function
Actuators AC 24 V resp. AC/DC 24 V	G	1	red	RD	System potential
	G0	2	black	BK	System neutral
	Y1	6	violet	VT	Positioning signal
	Y2	7	orange	OG	Positioning signal
	Υ	8	grey	GY	Positioning signal
	M		-	-	Measuring neutral
	U	9	pink	PK	Position feedback
	Z		-	-	Positioning signal forced control
AC/DC 24 V,	G	1	red	RD	System potential
Modbus RTU connection cable	G0	2	black	BK	System neutral
	REF	6	violet	VT	Reference (Modbus RTU)
	+	8	grey	GY	Bus + (Modbus RTU)
	-	9	pink	PK	Bus - (Modbus RTU)

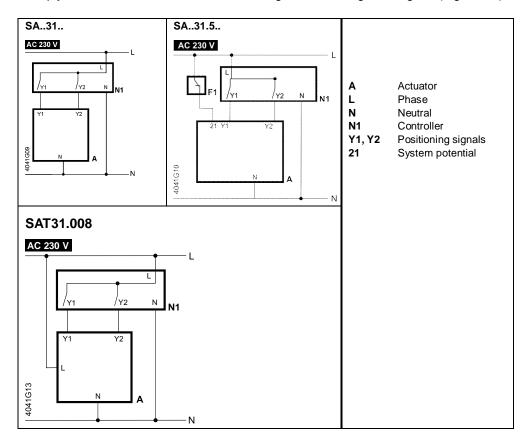
6.3 Connection diagrams

Marning

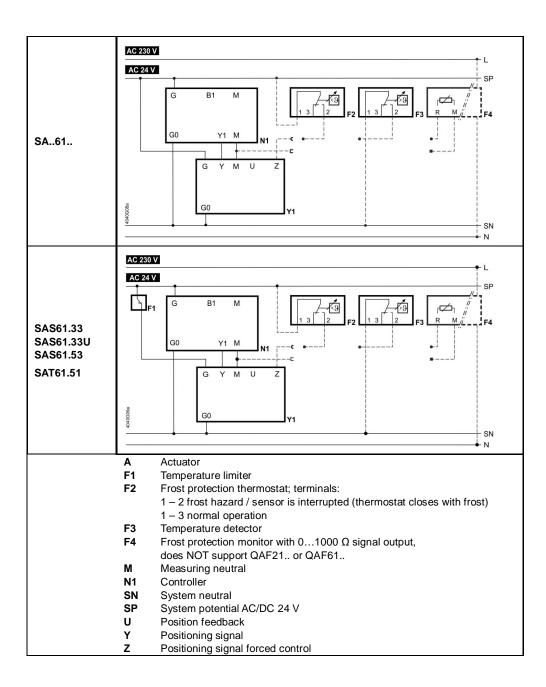
When using a safety limiter F1, ensure that there are no potential insulation mistakes to the wiring that could cancel out the temperature limiter's control action (applies to both 230 V as well as 24 V types).

Comply under all circumstances to the warning above when grounding SN (e.g. PELV).

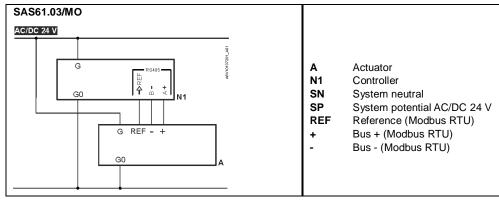
SA..31..



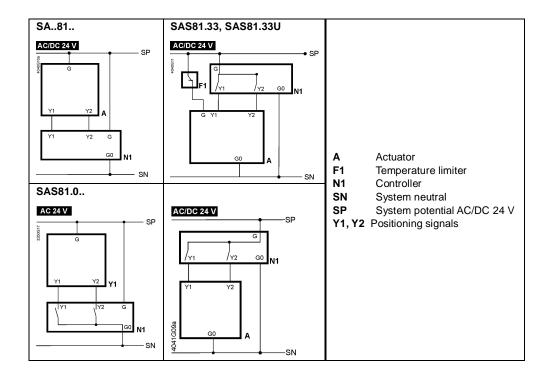
SA..61..



SAS61../MO

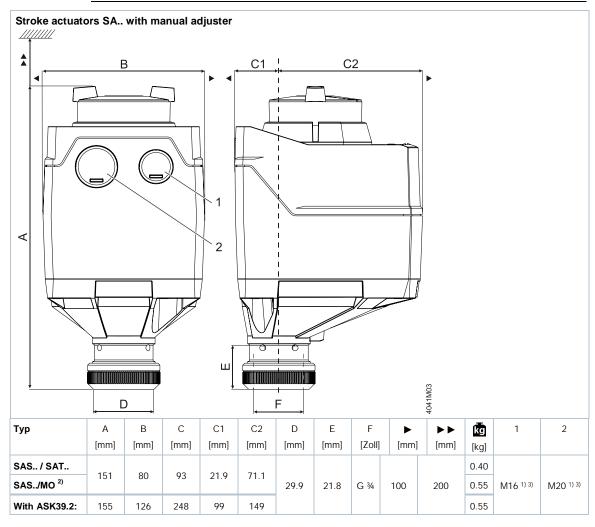


SA..81..



6.4 Dimensions

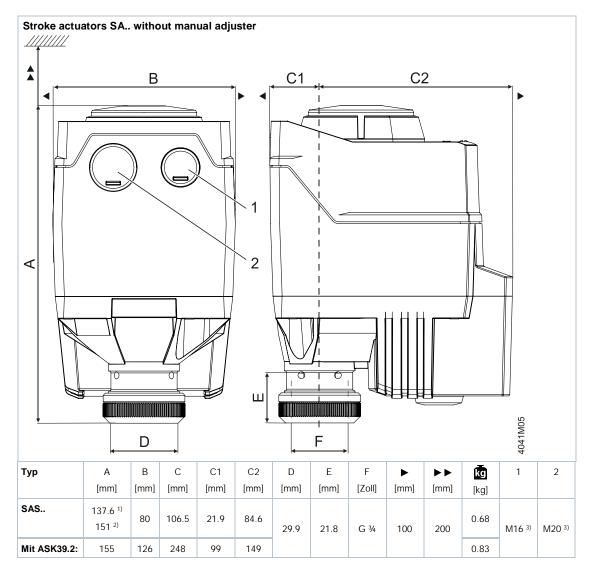
6.4.1 Stroke actuators



¹⁾ SA..U: ½" (Ø 21,5 mm)

²⁾ Device equipped with a fixed connection cable – Left cable entry is used

³⁾ Thread length max. 9 mm

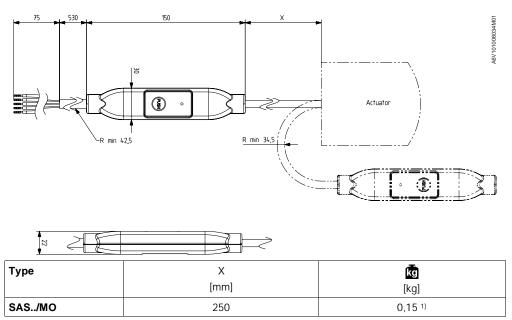


¹⁾ Black cover

²⁾ Blue manual adjuster

³⁾ Thread length max. 9 mm

6.4.2 External Modbus Converter



¹⁾ Already included in total weight

Dimensions in mm

Revision numbers

Product no.	Valid from rev. no.	Product no.	Valid from rev. no.	Product no.	Valid from rev. no.
SAS31.00	B	SAT31.008	В		
SAS31.03	B	SAT31.51	В		
SAS31.50	В	SAT61.008	В		
SAS31.53	B	SAT61.51	В		
SAS61.03	В				
SAS61.03U	B				
SAS61.03/MO	В				
SAS61.33	B				
SAS61.33U	B				
SAS61.53	B				
SAS81.00	B				
SAS81.03	В				
SAS81.03U	В				
SAS81.33	В				
SAS81.33U	В				

7 Glossary

7.1 Symbols

 $\dot{\mathbb{N}}$

Caution, general danger - read the notes!

 \mathcal{M}

Caution, hot surface - read the notes!

→

Condition as supplied to costumer

Crosstip screwdriver (Pozidriv)

Slotted screwdriver

Screw wrench

Allen key

7.2 Terms

Climatix ™

The complete product range of flexible and scalable control solutions, standardized up to and including freely programmable solutions.

Specialized for HVAC applications.

ClosedPosition-Synchronisation

The Synchronisation of the mechanical position and the internal position control will be performed (after manual operation).

DIL switches

A DIL switch shows the switching choices in the form of a place value system (dual in line) in relation to basis 2 (on and off).

DN

Nominal size [mm]: Characteristic for matching parts of the piping system.

Fail safe function

The fail safe function ensures that the actuator is driven to a defined end position also in the event of a power failure. In normal situations, dampers are shut or valves closed, thus cutting off the medium flow.

kPa

Unit of pressure: 100 kPa = 1 bar = 10 mWS.

 k_{vs}

Nominal flow rate: Nominal flow rate of cold water (5...30 °C) through the fully open valve (H_{100}) at a differential pressure of 100 kPa (1 bar).

LED

Light emitting diode.

Idle stroke

The actuator stem lifts off the valve stem slightly (0.2 mm), so that the valve closed securely. If the valve opens again, this idle stroke has to be overcome, before the valve really opens (valve characteristic has an effect).

Modbus RTU

Open communications protocol (client/server architecture), transmits data as binary data.

RTU: Remote Terminal Unit.

PN PN class [bar]: Characteristic relating to the combination of mechanical und

dimensional properties of a component in the piping system.

Position feedback Signal used to acquire the position, fed back via an input.

Forced control Forced control serves for overriding automatic mode and is implemented in the

structure.

Δp_{max}/**Δp**_{max} Maximum permissible differential pressure across the valve's control path, valid for

the entire actuating range of the motorized valve (V = diverting mode).

Δp_s Maximum permissible differential pressure at which the motorized valve will close

securely against the pressure (close off pressure).

Index

3-position control	28	Stroke actuators	15
A/D conversion		Forced control	
About this documentation	5	Foreign bodies	
Accessories	11	Foreign body detection	36, 38
Electrical accessories	11	Formulas for wire lengths	
Mechanical accessories	11	Fremdkörperdetektion	
Anschlussklemmen		Function check	
Stetig	48	Function principle	
Automatic operation		Functions	
Auxiliary switch1		Gear train	
Auxiliary switch ASC10.51		Glossary	•
Before you start		Handling	
Brushless DC motor		Housing cover	
Cable entries	•	Housing of spring return	
Cable glands		HVAC plants	
Cable labeling		Identification of seat	
Calibration		Indicators	•
Calibration slot	• •	Indoor use	
Changeover of characteristic		Installation	
Characteristics function		Interior view	
Commissioning		Internal diagrams	
Connection diagrams		Kopplung	
Connection terminal		L/P-diagram	
Actuator		LED	
Electrical accessories		Maintenance	
Contents		Manual adjuster	,
Control		Manual operation	
Control functions		Massbilder	42
Control of direction	•	Hubantriebe	FF
		Mechanical accessories	
Copyright			
Cross-sectional area		Mechanical design Modbus RTU	
Delivery			
Detection of foreign bodies		Modulating control	
Detection of valve seat		Motor control	•
Deviations		Mounting	
DIL switch	•	Mounting positions	
Dimensions		Navigation	
Stroke actuators		Operating voltage	
Disposal		Operation	
Document use		Operational status	
Electrical accessories		Ordering	
Electrical connections		Outdoor use	
Electrical planners		Parallel operation	
Engineering	8	Permissible cable length	
Equipment combinations		Permissible voltage drop	
2-port threaded valves		Permissible wire length	
3-port threaded valves		Plug-in space	
3-port valves		Position control	
Fail safe function	9, 28, 30, 33, 41	Position feedback	•
Fitting		Position indication	8, 43
Accessories	16	Positioning signal	9, 21, 22, 28, 30, 31

Positioning time	9, 29
Power consumption	9, 14
Power supply	30
Power transmission	8
Print	8
Product description	8
Product replacements	11
Electrical accessories	12
Stroke actuators SQX zu SAX	11
Quality assurance	6
Reference documents	5
Request to the reader	7
Revision history	5
Revision numbers	56
Scope of this documentation	7
Signal priorities	33
Without fail safe	. 39, 40
Signal prioritites	
Without fail safe	39
Sizing	13
Spare parts	12
Status indication	8

Stroke model	29
Symbols	57
Technical data	45
Technical design	35, 41
Technology	35
Terms	
Trademarks	6
Transmission of power	41
Type summary	
Stroke actuators	9
Use	8
User interface	8
Valve seat detection	35
voltage drop	13
Volumendurchfluss	31
Warranty	14
Weather shield	
Wire cross-sectional area	13
Wire endings	19
Wiring	
Valsa	